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# ULTRASHORT PULSE LASER EFFECTS IN THE PRIMATE EYE

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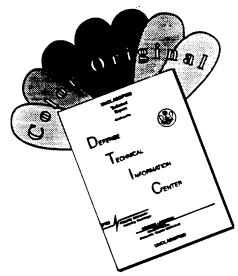
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Minimum visible lesion (MVL) threshold measurements at the retina for rhesus monkey eyes are reported for femtosecond, picosecond, and nanosecond single laser pulses using visible wavelengths. Estimates of the dose causing 50% probability for damage (ED <sub>50</sub> ) are calculated for 1-hour and 24-hours postexposure as well as the 95% fiducial intervals for ED <sub>50</sub> . The ED <sub>50</sub> values are found to be dependent on both wavelength and pulsewidth, and for a single wavelength are, in general, lower for short pulsewidths, with the exception of values at the shortest pulsewidth of 90 fs at 580 nm. At 90 fs the ED <sub>50</sub> dosages were noted to increase slightly when compared with the 3-ps and 600-fs values, all three delivered at 580-nm wavelength. The 4-ns ED <sub>50</sub> value was more than double the value at 60 ps delivered at 532-nm wavelength. Fluorescein angiography was accomplished at 1-hour and 24-hours postexposure and did not demonstrate lower threshold for damage, which has been the case for MVLs created with longer pulse duration (greater than 1 ns) or for rabbit eyes at the same pulsewidths as measured in our laboratory.					
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# TABLE OF CONTENTS

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ACKNOWLEDGMENTS	v
INTRODUCTION	1
METHODS	2
Experimental Systems  In Vivo Model  In Vivo Preparation  Statistical Analysis	3
RESULTS	6
Visible Lesion Thresholds  Hemorrhagic Lesion Thresholds	
DISCUSSION	10
CONCLUSION	13
REFERENCES	15
APPENDIX A	17
APPENDIX B	101

Accesion	Eor		
Accesion	i, rui		
NTIS	CRA&I	M	
DTIC '	TAB		
Unanno	unced		
Justifica	ation		
By	ition /		
A	vailability	Codes	
Dist	Avail a Spe		
A-1			

# **FIGURES**

Figure No	<b>).</b>	Page
1	Schematic of the ultrashort laser pulse system and laser delivery system	2
2	The L-shaped grid pattern is placed as a marker grid at the edge of the macular region	5
3	Retinal Maximum Permissible Exposure for ANSI Z136.1-1993	14
	TABLES	
Table No.		Page
1	Minimum visible lesions threshold	6
2	Fluorescein angiography minimim visible lesion threshold	8
3	Hemorrhagic lesions produced in rhesus monkey eyes for all pulsewidths and pulse energies	o

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# **INTRODUCTION**

The National Laser Safety Standard, ANSI Z136.1-1993<sup>1</sup>, defines a maximum permissible exposure (MPE) for the retina from visible and near-infrared laser radiation. This standard applies to pulse durations down to 1 nanosecond (ns); it is based on retinal injury studies conducted on primate eyes for continuous-wave and pulsed laser systems with pulsewidths greater than 2 ns. The few retinal studies that have been reported for pulsewidths less than 1 ns in the rhesus monkey eyes<sup>2-6</sup> were almost all for picosecond (ps) pulsewidths. Two studies have been reported for femtosecond (fs) pulses in rabbits. In one study, Birngruber et al.<sup>7</sup> measured the 50% probability for damage (ED<sub>50</sub>) visible threshold dosage in chinchilla gray rabbit eyes for 80-fs pulsewidths at 625 nanometers (nm). In the other study, Toth et al.<sup>8</sup> reported damage thresholds for 90-fs pulsewidths at 580 nm in the dutch-belted rabbit.

This study utilizes rhesus monkey<sup>9</sup> eyes to determine the ED<sub>50</sub> threshold doses necessary to create visible lesions in the macular region for various pulsewidths from 4 ns down to 90 fs. Our goal in this study was to evaluate retinal damage thresholds for single pulsewidths in the rhesus monkey fundus. Further, our goal was to acquire urgently needed data to assess potential human retinal hazards that could be applied to new national laser safety standards for subnanosecond laser systems operating in the visible and near-infrared spectral regions. We have determined the threshold dosages for visible lesions for pulsewidths of 90 and 600 fs and 3 ps at 580 nm and for pulsewidths of 60 ps and 4 ns at 532 nm. These subnanosecond laser ocular tissue interaction studies are critical in identifying hazards to the human eye and in considering future clinical applications in laser surgery. Such studies also provide new insight into the biological information of intense electromagnetic fields. In our work, we define a "visible lesion" as a visible change in the fundus readily seen by at least two observers. Both observers must agree that the change in the fundus is actually a lesion before that exposure site is counted as a positive event. A minimum visible lesion (MVL) then is defined as a change in the fundus due to laser insult just minimally visible by the two observers, either ophthalmoscopically or from photographs of fluorescein angiography (FA).

In an earlier study we had determined the ED<sub>50</sub> MVL dosages for dutch-belted rabbit eyes<sup>8,10,11</sup> from 5 ns down to 90 fs; herein we present our findings for the rhesus monkey eyes.<sup>6</sup> For the present primate study we found a notably lower threshold for MVLs compared with our rabbit studies. These results are important in providing eye safety information because laser systems capable of producing subnanosecond pulses are in widespread use throughout the research, medical, and military communities. The low energy required for intraretinal hemorrhages was identified although subretinal hemorrhages were similarly difficult to create (or more so than in the rabbit). These studies demonstrate that the rabbit model cannot be extrapolated to predict human ocular injury.

### **METHODS**

# **Experimental Systems**

The ultrashort pulse laser system shown in Figure 1 produces a range of pulsewidths, wavelengths, and energy levels with relative ease of reconfiguration. It produces single pulses with an adjustable pulse repetition rate between single pulses and 10 pulses per second (pps). All pulses generated can have energies greater than 100 microjoules (µJ). This system consists of a dye laser pumped by a mode-locked (82 megahertz (MHz)), pulse-compressed, frequency-doubled neodymium:yttrium-aluminum-garnet (Nd:YAG) laser. The dye laser output is amplified by a three-stage pulse dye amplifier (PDA) which is pumped by a seeded, frequency-doubled Nd:YAG regenerative amplifier. Pulsewidths are measured by an INRAD Slow Scan Autocorrelator. The pulses from the PDA can also be compressed to achieve below 100-fs pulses by chirping the pulses before amplifying and rephasing the spectrally broadened pulse in time thereby giving rise to the compressed pulse afterwards. The PDA pulsewidths range between 3 ps and 90 fs at 580 nm. Pulses of 60 ps and 4 ns at 532 nm are generated by the seeded Nd:YAG regenerative amplifier or the Nd:YAG Q-switched laser.

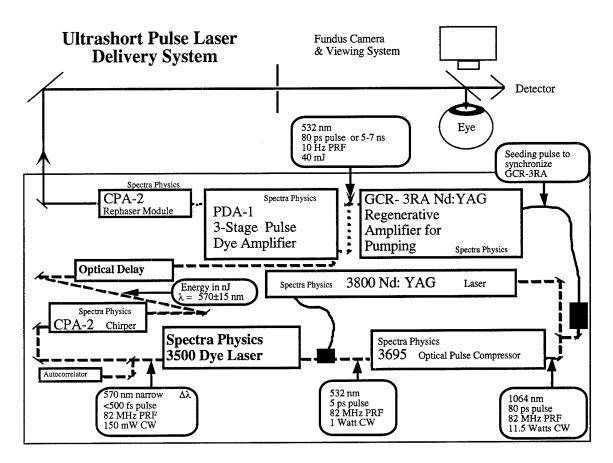


FIGURE 1. Schematic of the ultrashort laser pulse system and laser pulse delivery system.

The incident laser beam was apertured to provide a uniform spatial profile with a beam diameter of 2.5 millimeters (mm) for delivery to the corneal surface. Single pulses were delivered to monkey eyes by deflecting the beam off a glass beamsplitter (Figure 1) mounted on a Zeiss fundus camera; the beamsplitter path was adjusted such that the deflected beam was collinear with the optical axis of the fundus camera. These 580-nm beamsplitters have antireflective coatings that minimize second surface reflections and prevent double pulse generation. For suprathreshold experiments at 90 fs, the incident beam aperture was opened to 5 mm and the glass beamsplitter was replaced by a front surface mirror. The laser beam path length from aperture to incident corneal surface was 1 meter. The beam divergence was ~ 0.5 milliradian. The unamplified 580-nm modelocked beam at 82 MHz from the pulsed dye amplifier was used to align retinal exposure sites. The output of the dye laser, 300-fs pulsewidths with 82 MHz at 580 nm and 20 to 30 milliwatts (mW), was shuttered between 100 and 200 milliseconds (ms) and used for producing retinal marker lesions.

The monkey cornea was positioned approximately 1 centimeter (cm) in front of the beamsplitter with the retina in the focal plane of the fundus camera. The single pulse was split by the 580-nm beamsplitter so that the reflected pulse could be sent to the eye while the transmitted pulse could be measured and its energy value recorded for each exposure to the eye. The reflected/transmitted (R/T) ratio was measured at the beginning and end of each session to ensure that its value did not change. Energies and ratios were measured by a joulemeter/ratiometer (Molectron JD2000 or an OM4001) with one detector (Molectron J3-09 or J4-09) at the eye position calibrated against a second detector intersecting the fraction of the beam being transmitted. Throughout this report "laser energy delivered" is the energy delivered to the corneal surface as described above and without any contact lens or other device to control the image size delivered to the retina within the eye.

# In Vivo Model

Mature rhesus monkeys from 2.2 to 6.9 kilograms (kg) were maintained under standard laboratory conditions (12 hours light, 12 hours dark). Rhesus monkeys were screened preexposure to ensure that no eye was more than one-half diopter from being emmetropic. All procedures were performed during the light cycle. The treatment and procedures used in this study conformed to the use of Animals in Research and Federal Guidelines and the research protocol USAFSAM Protocol RZV-91-04<sup>12</sup>.

# In Vivo Preparation

Rhesus monkeys were chemically restrained using 10 milligrams (mg)/kg ketamine hydrochloride (HCl) intramuscularly. Once restrained, 0.16 mg atropine sulfate was administered subcutaneously. Two drops of proparacaine HCl 0.5%, phenylephrine HCl 2.5%, and tropicamide 1% were each administered to both eyes. Under ketamine restraint, the monkey had intravenous catheters placed for administration of warmed

lactated Ringer's solution (10 milliliters (ml)/kg/hour (hr) flow rate) and for administration of propofol. An initial induction dose of propofol (5 mg/kg) was administered to effect. The state of anesthesia was maintained in the monkey using 0.2 - 0.5 mg/kg/hr of propofol via syringe pump. The monkey was intubated with a cuffed endotracheal tube. A peribulbar injection of 2% lidocaine was administered to reduce extraocular muscular movement. The monkey was securely restrained in a prone position on an adjustable stage for the fundus photography, laser exposure, and FA. Prior to FA, 0.6 ml of Fluorescite 10% (Alcon Laboratories) was administered intravenously. The monkey's blood pressure and pulse were continuously monitored throughout the experimental protocol. The monkey's normal body temperature was maintained by the use of circulating hot water blankets.

Baseline fundus photography was performed prior to laser exposures. The eyelids were held open with a wire lid speculum, and the cornea was moistened throughout the procedures with 0.9% saline solution. The retina was viewed with a modified fundus camera through a glass beamsplitter. All macular exposures (15 to 30) were delivered to each eye, without any contact lens, in a rectangular grid pattern in the macular region of the fundus. Visible marker lesions (created by shuttered exposures of the dye laser output at 82 MHz) marked the exposure grid in columns and rows. To aid in localizing the exposure sites, an L-shaped grid pattern of marker lesions was placed around the edge of the macular region prior to the MVL exposures as shown in Figure 2. As seen within the grid pattern, there are small whitish spots just visible to the naked eye which are representative of MVLs used in the database to determine ED50 values. These laser exposures were delivered at 90 fs, 580 nm, with energy variations between 0.1 and 10  $\mu$ J per pulse and were placed within the grid pattern, centered over the macular region for both the left (OS) and right (OD) eyes of our subjects.

Suprathreshold lesions (greater than  $10~\mu J$ ) were placed extramacularly and away from the threshold grid so that a wider scattered pattern would avoid overlapping of lesions. A minimum of two examiners evaluated all eyes at 1-hr and 24-hr postexposure. Visible lesions at a given exposure site were reported only if the two examiners identified a lesion. Fundus photography and FA were performed at 1-hr and 24-hr postexposure. Fundus photographs of ophthalmoscopically visible lesions and FAs were evaluated for lesion presentation. Two eyes were exposed with a grid of nine shots for each pulsewidth and enucleated after 1- and 24-hr postexposure for histopathological evaluations. The results of the histopathology study of the lesions will be published in a later treatise.

Fundus photography (including FA) and observations of lesion formation by the researchers were performed by monocular viewing through the Zeiss fundus camera optical system. Thus the optics were not changed between fundus viewing and photography, and viewing and photography were performed interchangeably. Photographs for FA were taken immediately before the dye injection and continued at intervals of a few seconds until five minutes had elapsed, thus providing a sequence of photographs for the development of fluorescein leakage. After fluorescein injection and

angiography, in (most) animals, lesions were also assessed for fluorescence by viewing through the camera system with excitation and barrier filter in place. However, fluorescein leakage for the smaller lesions could not be identified by this method and it was not used for this paper.

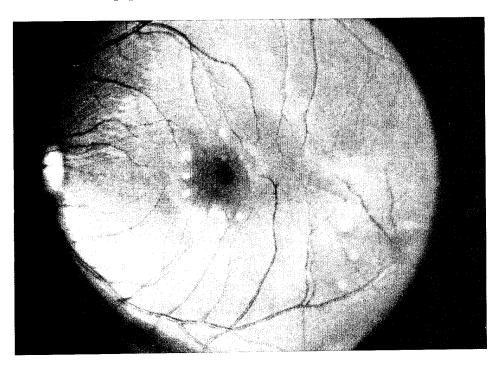


FIGURE 2. The L-shaped pattern is placed as a marker grid at the edge of the macular region. Within the grid pattern, whitish visible lesions were created using 90 fs, 580 nm, and 0.1 to 10  $\mu$ J energy pulses in the rhesus monkey eye.

# **Statistical Analysis**

The Probit Procedure<sup>13</sup> was used to estimate the ED<sub>50</sub> dose for creating an MVL in the retina for 4-ns, 60-ps, 3-ps, 600-fs, and 90-fs pulsewidths and to estimate the 95% confidence intervals for the ED<sub>50</sub>s. Enough data was taken to ensure that the fiducial limits were reasonably narrow. The probit procedure was used for the ophthalmoscopically visible lesion data at 1 and 24 hr and for the data from the FAs. Table 1 includes the 1- and 24-hr estimated doses for ED<sub>50</sub> thresholds along with the slope of the probit curve for the 24-hr reading. Also included are the number of subjects, number of eyes, and total exposures for each pulsewidth delivered. Appendix A contains the complete SAS-Probit analyses for each of the five pulsewidths together with the ordered raw data and the predicted probabilities values from 0.01 to 0.99 inclusive. The program titled SAS-PC PROBIT.NOOJIN is included for the PC version of SAS also so that any new data may be analyzed using the identical procedure.

# RESULTS

# **Visible Lesion Thresholds**

For the pulsewidths generated at 532 nm (4 ns and 60 ps), not all of the lesions developed during the first hour, and exposures at 60 ps took longer to develop than did the 4-ns exposures. The number of lesions observed increased by 25% at 4 ns and by 32% at 60 ps between the 1- and 24-hr postexposure readings. Consequently, the calculated 24-hr ED<sub>50</sub> threshold dosages had to be reduced considerably for both pulsewidths as listed in Table 1. This table includes the 1- and 24-hr estimated doses for ED<sub>50</sub> thresholds with the 95% fiducial intervals along with the slope of the probit curve for the 24-hr reading. The slope is calculated using the ED<sub>85</sub> and ED<sub>50</sub> points to obtain the values listed at each pulsewidth. Also included are the number of subjects, number of eyes, and total exposures for each pulsewidth. The retinal response to minimal exposures was consistently a pale gray to white lesion increasing in whiteness and in size as energy increased in all exposures. Exposures with energies ranging from (0.03 - 6.6 µJ) for both pulsewidths were placed macularly. For the 4-ns study, two eyes from two different monkeys were used for a total of 50 exposures in the macular region. At 60 ps, five eyes from five different monkeys were exposed, with 88 total exposures in the macula. Color fundus photographs for the these pulsewidths showing typical lesions in the macular region are included in Appendix B.

TABLE 1. Minimum Visible Lesions Threshold - ED<sub>50</sub> for Rhesus Monkeys at the 95% Confidence Level with Fiducial Limits in Parentheses.

PULSEWIDTH	1 HOUR READING ED <sub>50</sub> (μJ)	24 HOUR SLOPE 0F READING PROBIT ED <sub>50</sub> (μJ) CURVE
4 ns 2 Subjects, 2 Eyes, 50 Exposures	1.5 (0.75 - 8.93)	0.9 (0.60 - 1.35) 2.68
60 ps 5 Subjects, 5 Eyes, 88 Exposures	0.66 (0.46 - 1.05)	0.43 (0.32 - 0.54) 3.03
3 ps 4 Subjects, 4 Eyes, 68 Exposures	0.68 (0.40 - 0.91)	0.58 (0.31 - 0.83) 2.61
600 fs 5 Subjects, 6 Eyes, 112 Exposures	0.60 (0.43 - 0.84)	0.26 (0.21 - 0.31) 4.11
90 fs 5 Subjects, 7 Eyes, 122 Exposures	1.18 (0.83 - 2.09)	0.43 (0.27 - 0.60) 1.58

For the pulsewidths evaluated at 580 nm (3 ps, 600 fs, and 90 fs), the delay in the appearance of a visible lesion to minimal retinal laser exposures depended on the pulse energy and on the pulsewidth. The retinal response to these exposures was consistently a pale gray to white lesion increasing in whiteness and in size as energy increased as before. At 3 ps, threshold retinal lesions were visible almost immediately; 98% were visible after only 1 hr. The range of energies (0.45  $\mu$ J to 1.43  $\mu$ J) producing a visible lesion did not change between the 1- and 24-hr evaluations. Color fundus photographs for typical lesions at these three pulsewidths are included in Appendix B.

For 600-fs pulsewidths, the time required for a lesion to appear increased significantly; only half were visible after 10 minutes. From the 1-hr reading to the 24-hr reading, we observed an increase of 30% in the number of visible lesions at a given exposure level. The MVL ED<sub>50</sub> threshold dosage calculated for 24 hr was less than half the value calculated for 1 hr. Also, the range of pulse energies from minimum-to-maximum (minimum lesion to maximum no-lesion) decreased significantly from the 1-hr reading to the 24-hr reading (0.22  $\mu$ J - 3.0  $\mu$ J to 0.17  $\mu$ J - 0.45  $\mu$ J).

At 90-fs pulsewidths, the delay in appearance of visible lesions past the 1-hr reading was even more pronounced, and the calculated ED<sub>50</sub> values were larger than the 600-fs values for both the 1-hr and 24-hr calculations. Again, the ED<sub>50</sub> dosage calculated at 24 hr was less than half the value at 1 hr, showing that a large number of lesions (28) developed between 1 hr and 24 hr. In fact, a 48% increase in the number of visible lesions (58 to 86) occurred at the 24-hr reading. The range of energies from minimum-to-maximum did not change significantly during the 24-hr postexposure examinations (0.16  $\mu$ J-1.8  $\mu$ J to 0.10  $\mu$ J-1.4  $\mu$ J). Above 1.4  $\mu$ J, all energies delivered showed visible lesion development. Out of 122 data points taken at 90 fs within the macula, 94 exposures were within the energy range of 0.1  $\mu$ J to 1.4  $\mu$ J, and 49 lesions developed within 24 hours. For 3 ps, four monkeys and four eyes were used for a total of 68 exposures. For 600 and 90 fs, six monkeys were used for each pulsewidth with six eyes exposed with 112 exposures and seven eyes exposed with 122 exposures respectively as listed in Table 1.

In our studies, FA appeared to be much less sensitive in identifying retinal lesions than determining the lesions ophthalmoscopically. This insensitivity occurred across all readings for our pulsewidths, wavelengths, and observation times. At 3 ps, the fluorescein angiography visible lesion (FAVL) ED $_{50}$  value dropped from 2.8  $\mu$ J at 1 hr to 1.3  $\mu$ J at the 24-hr readings. However the FAVL ED $_{50}$  values were much higher than the ophthalmoscopically determined MVLs. For the 600-fs pulses, the FAVL ED $_{50}$  value dropped from 3.7  $\mu$ J to 1.5  $\mu$ J after 24 hr. These values are six times higher than the MVLs read funduscopically. In each case the 24-hr reading was lower than the 1-hr reading. This was not the case with 90 fs, where the 24-hr calculated FAVL ED $_{50}$  thresholds were more than 1.6 times the value at 1 hr and more than 6.7 times the MVL ED $_{50}$  value. Using FA as an endpoint, the trend of more lesions showing up after 24 hr dramatically reversed at 90 fs, and many of the lesions counted after 1 hr simply disappeared during the post 24-hr FA evaluation. Although, the number of

funduscopically visible lesions increased from 58 to 86 at 24-hr postexposure, the number of lesions showing up on FA decreased from 43 at 1 hr down to 25 after 24 hr. The data for our FA work are given in Table 2 along with the MVL ED<sub>50</sub> values for comparison. Black and white fundus photographs for the FA have been included in Appendix B for all 5 pulsewidths for each primate eye which have color fundus photographs showing visible lesions.

TABLE 2. Fluorescein Angiogram Minimum Visible Lesion Threshold - FAVL ED<sub>50</sub> for the Rhesus Monkey Compared to ED<sub>50</sub> MVL.

PULSEW	ТОТН	1 HOUR READING (μJ)	24 HOUR READING (μJ)
4 ns	FAVL	*	1.8 (1.2 - 3.7)
532 nm	MVL	1.5	0.9
60 ps	FAVL	1.9 (1.1 - 10.1)	1.5 (0.98 - 4.4)
532 nm	MVL	0.66	0.43
3 ps	FAVL	2.8 (2.1 - 4.7)	1.3 (1.0 - 1.6)
580 nm	MVL	0.68	0.58
600 fs	FAVL	3.7 (2.5 - 6.3)	1.5 (1.2 - 2.0)
580 nm	MVL	0.60	0.26
90 fs	FAVL	1.9 (1.2 - 5.1)	2.9 (1.6 - 13.6)
580 nm	MVL	1.18	0.43

<sup>\*</sup>Data not at 95% confidence level.

# **Hemorrhagic Lesion Thresholds**

In the rhesus monkey, laser exposures at 90 fs were directed to the macula for lesions created with energies under 10  $\mu$ J. All laser exposures exceeding this value were directed away from the macula, most of which were directed nasal to the optic disc, and a few were directed outside the temporal arcades. Of the 122 exposures (0.01 to 9.3  $\mu$ J) delivered to the macula at 90 fs, seven hemorrhagic lesions were produced with 0.83 to 4.8  $\mu$ J energy (2 to 11 times MVL ED<sub>50</sub> of 0.43  $\mu$ J). While delivering energy within the macular grid pattern, the laser would infrequently intersect the network of retinal microvessels. Macular hemorrhagic lesions were seen only when the exposure site coincided with a small blood vessel. The area of the hemorrhages was approximately 50 to 250 micrometers ( $\mu$ m) in diameter (estimated relative to the optic nerve and vessel size in photographs), and they were either thin with lacy margins or very slightly thickened with smooth round margins. The hemorrhage location appeared to be intraretinal for several lesions; however, without stereo imaging, it was difficult to differentiate small intraretinal versus subretinal hemorrhages. With FA, the blood from the macular hemorrhages blocked fluorescence from both the underlying retinal vessel and the choroid.

At one of the sites there was late fluorescein leakage from the margin of the hemorrhage. While many hemorrhages appeared almost immediately, three hemorrhages in one eye, not visible immediately after laser exposure, developed within 1 hr and increased in size over the next 24 hr. These same hemorrhagic lesions were not visible ophthalmoscopically, 29 days after laser exposure. All data for hemorrhagic versus nonhemorrhagic lesions has been summarized in Table 3 for all exposures and pulsewidths.

TABLE 3. Hemorrhagic Lesions Produced in Rhesus Monkey Eyes for all Pulsewidths and Pulse Energies.

PULSEWIDTH	ENERGY DELIVERED TO CORNEA (μJ)	HEMO. LESIONS	NONHEMO. LESIONS	TOTAL LESIONS	TOTAL EXPOS.
90 fs	0.01- 9.3 ext.macular	7	63	70	122
	- (14 - 105)	5	17	22	(22)
	0.02 - 15.5	7	64	71	112
600 fs	ext.macular -(2)	3			(3)
3 ps	0.03 - 11.4	6	41	47	68
60 ps	0.03 - 6.6	1	49	50	88
4 ns	0.09 - 5.0	0	25	25	50

Of 21 suprathreshold energy exposures (14 to 105  $\mu$ J) at 90 fs and 580 nm placed outside the macula, five hemorrhagic lesions were produced by energies ranging from 38 to 105  $\mu$ J. One of these lesions demonstrated a very faint (less than 50  $\mu$ m) red lesion ringed by a white chorioretinal lesion. Three lesions were probably subretinal hemorrhages (although intraretinal blood leakage from retinal vasculature is possible) of approximately 50 to 100  $\mu$ m diameter with a rim of white chorioretinal thickening. One laser site (81  $\mu$ J) over a retinal venule demonstrated an immediate retinal hemorrhage which enlarged over 24 hr. With FA, the injured retinal vessel demonstrated leakage within the area of blocked fluorescence from the hemorrhage.

Sixteen suprathreshold lesions (14 to 82  $\mu$ J) were nonhemorrhagic even though the laser energy for several of these was delivered directly to overlying retinal blood vessels. The lesions were white and, as with rabbit lesions<sup>8</sup>, their size increased as pulse energy increased.

For the 600-fs pulses, a total of 112 exposures were placed within the macula, all had energies between 0.02  $\mu$ J and 15.5  $\mu$ J. Seven of fourteen exposures with energies ranging from 3.6  $\mu$ J to 15.5  $\mu$ J, produced hemorrhagic lesions in the macular region. Three exposures with energies of 2.1  $\mu$ J were placed nasal to the optic disc and all three produced hemorrhages. All lesions produced at this pulsewidth appeared to be in intraretinal vessels; none were believed to be choroidal hemorrhages. Similar results were found at 3-ps pulses where six hemorrhagic lesions were produced in the macula by energies ranging from 1.6  $\mu$ J to 11.4  $\mu$ J; all were intraretinal hemorrhagic lesions. All hemorrhagic lesions produced in the macula were counted as positive lesions in the MVL data pool because they were always visible funduscopically.

At the 4-ns pulsewidth there were no hemorrhages produced for pulse energies ranging up to 5  $\mu$ J within the macular area. At the 60-ps pulsewidth, there was only one hemorrhage produced with 6.6  $\mu$ J intraretinally; no attempt was made to produce hemorrhages with suprathreshold doses. Of the 88 total exposures for 60 ps and 532 nm, only one pulse had an energy greater than 4.1  $\mu$ J and it produced a hemorrhage. All pulses within the range of energies used (0.03  $\mu$ J - 6.6  $\mu$ J) for both pulsewidths were placed within the macular area; no attempt was made to create hemorrhages within or outside of the macular area with suprathreshold energies.

### **DISCUSSION**

We have determined the MVL thresholds for laser pulsewidths from 4 ns down to 90 fs. As listed in Table 1, all ED<sub>50</sub> values are below 1.0 µJ with the exception of the 1-hr readings at 4 ns and 90 fs. In assessing the implications of retinal laser damage observed in this study, we consider biological and laser variables which impact the damage thresholds measured. The biological variables which affect ED<sub>50</sub> include species, ocular anatomy, retinal lesion location, retinal vasculature, pigmentation of the retinal pigment epithelium, and choroid. This study is the first to report lesions in primate eyes for pulsewidths from 4 ns down to 90 fs; it is directly comparable to all other data reported for the primate eyes down to 6 ps, including the data from which the ANSI Z136.1-1993<sup>1</sup> standard is derived.

The laser variables which impact the determination of retinal damage thresholds include wavelength, pulse duration or pulsewidth, beam diameter incident upon the cornea, beam profile, retinal spot size, beam divergence, and optics used in the pulse delivery. One benefit from our study is the evaluation of a wide range of laser pulsewidths using the same species and delivery system. The change in MVL thresholds identified in our study for the five pulsewidths and two wavelengths suggests that the calculated  $ED_{50}$  thresholds depend not only on pulsewidth, but on the wavelength as well, which one would expect to be the case.

For the two pulsewidths at 532 nm, 4 ns and 60 ps, the number of lesions observed between the 1-hr reading and the 24-hr reading increased between 25% and 32% which

had the effect of lowering the MVL ED<sub>50</sub> threshold doses calculated by probit analyses. At 4 ns, the threshold dose decreased from 1.5  $\mu$ J to 0.9  $\mu$ J after 24 hr while the value at 60 ps decreased from 0.66  $\mu$ J to 0.43  $\mu$ J after 24 hr. The slope of the probit curve increased from 2.68 to 3.03 when the pulsewidth was reduced from 4 ns to 60 ps while the ED<sub>50</sub> decreased from 0.9  $\mu$ J to 0.43  $\mu$ J, respectively. However, these slopes are larger than those reported by Lund and Beatrice<sup>14</sup> (1.58 for the slope of the regression line defined as ED<sub>84</sub>/ED<sub>50</sub>) for doubled Nd:YAG pulses at 140-ns pulsewidths.

Ophthalmoscopically, the time interval for development of retinal MVLs for the 580-nm wavelength increased significantly for 600 and 90 fs as with 4 ns and 60 ps, but this was not true for the 3-ps case. For 600 fs, there were 21 exposures between 0.17 and 3.0  $\mu$ J, which required more than 1 hr to develop out of a total of 112 exposures. These delayed lesions reduced the MVL ED<sub>50</sub> threshold dosage calculations from 0.60  $\mu$ J (1 hr) to 0.26  $\mu$ J (24 hr) with reduced fiducial limits as well. At 90 fs, there was a 48% increase in the number of visible lesions after 24 hr as compared to the 1-hr reading. For 90 fs there was a total of 34 exposures, with dosages ranging between 0.10 and 2.0  $\mu$ J, which required longer than 1 hr to develop into visible lesions. These additional lesions reduced the calculated MVL ED<sub>50</sub> threshold values from 1.18  $\mu$ J (1 hr) to 0.43  $\mu$ J (24 hr); there was a similar reduction in the fiducial limits.

The slope of the probit curve at 3 ps was almost identical to that at 4 ns, but then it changed greatly as the pulsewidth was reduced down to 90 fs. The value at 600 fs was more than 150% (4.11) the value at 3 ps, but then the slope dropped to 60% of the 3 ps value at 90 fs. We attribute this large swing up and then down to the multiple effects of nonlinear propagation and self-focusing within the eye at these shortest pulsewidths. Rockwell et al. 15,16 have measured the nonlinear index of refraction in vitreous humor and they have developed a simplified model to predict the self-focusing effects for light propagating in the eye. Their model predicts a critical peak power within the laser pulse propagating through the vitreous at which the focused image collapses (beam collapse) into a filamentary propagating beam as predicted by Powell et al.<sup>17</sup> When we compare the peak power in our pulses for the MVL ED<sub>50</sub> value in Table 1, we find that the value at 600 fs is just below the critical peak power of 500 kilowatts (kW), and the value at 90 fs is an order of magnitude above the critical power. Thus we expect that the self-focusing effects without beam collapse at 600 fs should lower the threshold MVL ED<sub>50</sub> values because of a smaller retinal image size. Also, it is possible for the beam to collapse at 90 fs; this collapse could cause nonlinear effects to occur within the vitreous or retinal layers. Laserinduced breakdown could occur anterior to the retina and produce a shock wave causing mechanical damage to the neural layer. This type of damage may prevent leakage and thus would not show up in FA which would increase the calculated threshold dose. Nonlinear effects due to beam collapse could also prevent some of the energy in the pulse from reaching the retina and increase the MVL ED50 threshold dose above those for longer pulsewidths whose peak power levels are much lower than the critical power.

In search for a damage model which would fit our data, several models were considered and some were rejected outright because they could not adequately describe our findings. As an example, when we consider the thermal model usually ascribed to damage from longer pulsewidths (i.e, greater than 1 ns), we calculated the temperature rise for all our pulsewidths below 1 ns and found the  $\Delta T$  to be 14°C or less. These calculations are based on an image diameter of 30  $\mu m$  and a pigmented epithelium (PE) 10- $\mu m$  thick with all of the energy reaching the retina being absorbed in this layer. Thus we reject the thermal model to describe our damage thresholds because the temperature-time history is not even close to being adequate to cause damage.

Photochemical damage processes as discussed by other researchers<sup>3-5</sup> for the picosecond pulsewidths appear to be possible damage mechanisms because of the latency of the development of lesions. In all cases our threshold dose at 24 hr was lower than at 1 hr which suggests either photochemical damage or possibly mechanical damage due to acoustic or shock waves. Our histopathological results will, when they become available, help us to better describe the damage mechanisms.

Another damage mechanism which we cannot reject, especially for the femtosecond pulses, is the possibility of direct membrane effects resulting from the intense electric fields associated with these pulses. The peak power going into the eye at the  $ED_{50}$  threshold at 90 fs was 5 megawatts (MW) and thus the peak irradiance at the retina was well up into the  $GW/cm^2$  (gigawatts) range. With such extremely high retinal irradiances, retinal cell damage would be most likely to occur which would agree with the latency of the observed injury.

In determining ED<sub>50</sub> threshold levels for rhesus monkeys, our FA studies did not show the sensitivity that our direct ophthalmoscopic examinations did. calculations for the 1-and 24-hr readings for the five pulsewidths studied, there were seven instances when the fiducial confidence intervals did not overlap, and only two in which they did. The exceptions were 90-fs thresholds at the 1-hr reading (2.09 µJ MVL versus 1.2  $\mu$ J FAVL) and the 24-hr reading at 4 ns (1.35  $\mu$ J MVL versus 1.2  $\mu$ J FAVL). However, the FAVL ED<sub>50</sub> decreased between the 1- and 24-hr readings for all pulsewidths with the exception of the 90 fs, for which it increased by almost 60%. Thus, many of the FA lesions visible at 1-hr postexposure at 90 fs disappeared and were not visible after 24 These findings contrast with other FA work including our own in dutch-belted rabbits<sup>11</sup> where at 5 ps, 500 fs, and 90 fs the MVL to FAVL ratios for 1-hr postexposure were 1.2, 2.8, and 3.7, showing greater sensitivity in FAs respectively. procedure was used in determining our FAs for the rhesus monkey in this study. With observation, and with analysis of fundus photographs and FAs, we found FA to be unreliable in identifying the small, barely above threshold lesions at short pulsewidths. The choroidal pattern of fluorescence could not be differentiated from the minimally fluorescent less-than-30-micron lesions in these cases. Also, we enlarged our FAs photographically by 5 to 1 in comparison to the strip photographs and found no significant change in our ability to read lesions.

Birngruber et al.<sup>7</sup> noted fluorescein angiography to be more sensitive than observation of minimal short pulse laser lesions; however, they artificially maintained a constant lesion size of 50 microns in a rabbit eye. In addition, their fluorescein  $ED_{50}$  was 0.75  $\mu$ J while our MVL  $ED_{50}$  was only 0.43  $\mu$ J, a little more than half of their value for fluorescein and less than one-tenth of their visible lesion threshold of 4.5  $\mu$ J. This difference can be accounted for by the difference in image size as well as the different species (i.e, primate versus rabbit).

Borland et al., <sup>18</sup> with 15- and 40-ns lesions, noted a similar problem with FA of small laser lesions. As reported in 1978, the granular appearance of the fluorescein "was of the same order as the small size lesions: 10-30 microns," and "small image lesions were extremely difficult to identify at just suprathreshold exposure levels." When they plotted the regression lines of the probit curves, they identified a reduction in statistical reliability with FA because of the confusion between threshold lesions of small image size and the background grain of the choroidal flush for minimal image size exposures. In our study, not only do we have minimal size lesions in which we would expect a reduction of fluorescein reliability for the same reasons mentioned above, but we also have shorter pulse lesions which should produce less thermal area of damage. As Borland's group observed, thermal damage with disruption of zona occludentes and cell walls was associated with FA positive lesions. A histopathologic study of our ultrashort-pulse lesions will provide additional insight into our findings in the future.

# CONCLUSION

Our data for the rhesus monkey can be compared with other published data as included in the database used to establish the ANSI Z136.1-19931 standard, shown in Figure 3. The only known data points for rhesus monkeys for pulsewidths below 1 ns at visible wavelengths are also shown in Figure 3 (Goldman et al.3 and Bruckner and Taboada<sup>5</sup>). Because Goldman et al. did not do a probit study, our data is more directly comparable to the Bruckner and Taboada datum point at the 6-ps pulsewidth. At 4 ns and below, our ED<sub>50</sub> thresholds for the 24-hr readings (within the circles) for rhesus monkeys show a slight downward trend until 90 fs is reached; then the estimated value becomes larger. This abrupt change in slope may be due to nonlinear effects such as self-focusing and/or beam collapse due to the high peak powers at 90 fs. The solid black line shown in Figure 3 represents the ANSI retinal MPE for pulsewidths down to 1 ns which is 0.5 μJ/cm<sup>2</sup>. Thus, 0.2 μJ at the cornea for a pulsewidth of 1 ns is considered safe; however, one cannot extrapolate this safe level to pulsewidths below 1 ns because our data includes nine visible lesions out of a total of 54 exposures at or below 0.2 µJ for pulsewidths below 1 ps (90 fs and 600 fs). However, below 1 ns, ANSI recommends a constant irradiance for decreasing pulsewidths and therefore at 100 fs, the safe limit would only be 20 picojoules (pJ), or more than four orders of magnitude below our MVL ED50. It is obvious from Figure 3 that our MVL ED<sub>50</sub> thresholds are an order of magnitude or more below those in the databank for pulsewidths longer than 1 ns and do not decrease with

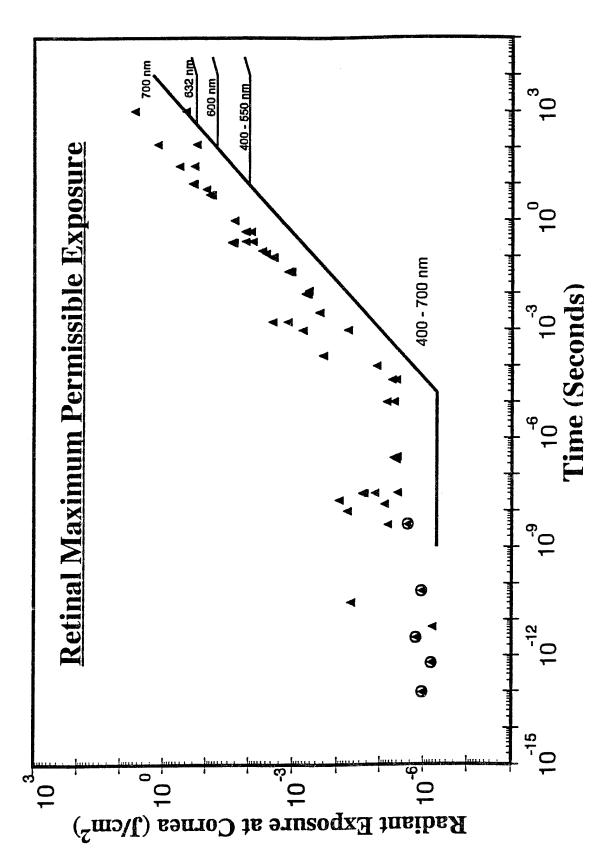


Figure 3. Retinal maximum permissible exposure for ANSI Z136.1-1993. The solide line indicates triangles represent the database upon which the standard is determined and the circled triangles the current National Standard below which radiant exposure levels are considered safe. are from the present study.

pulsewidth to an appreciable extent. Therefore new interim standards could be set for picosecond and femtosecond laser pulsewidths which would relax somewhat the constant irradiance for decreasing pulsewidths ANSI recommendation. These interim standards could apply until the histological studies are completed and the damage mechanisms are fully understood. until the histological studies are completed and the damage mechanisms are fully understood. New standards are especially critical because laser systems which produce tens of millijoules per pulse below 100-fs pulsewidths are now commercially available. These pulses can have energies as much as five orders of magnitude greater than necessary to create visible lesions in the eye.

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# **APPENDIX A**

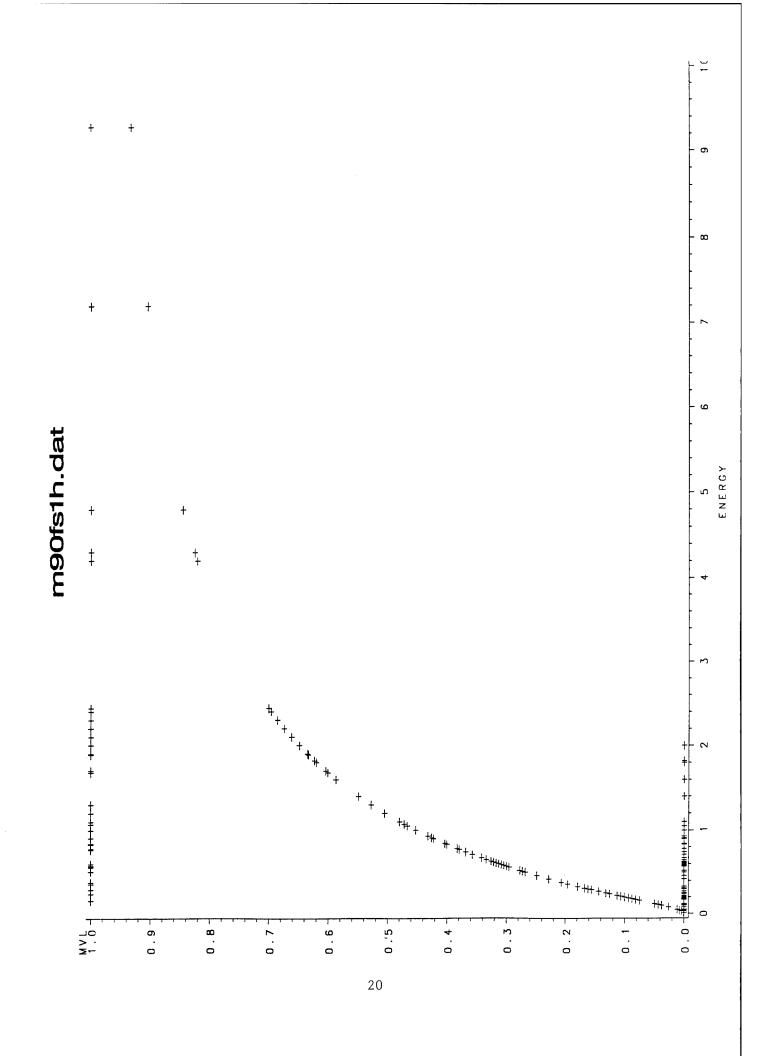
This appendix contains the SAS-PC Probit Procedure program used in the data analysis and all minimum visible lesion data for all five pulsewidths, both visible lesion data and fluorescein angiographic data. In addition to the raw data in ordered format, the probability plot and the predicted distribution of doses between 0.01 and 0.99 probability are included along with 95% confidence level for the fiducial intervals.

# **SAS-PC PROBIT.NOOJIN**

```
filename testdata 'xxxx';
title 'xxxx';
data indata;
     infile testdata;
     input energy mvl;
run;
proc sort data = indata;
     by energy;
run;
proc print data = indata;
run;
proc sort data = indata;
     by desending energy;
run;
proc probit data = indata outest = mvldata order = data covout Hprob = 0.10 lackfit
log10 inversecl;
 class mvl:
 model mvl = energy / lackfit d = normal corrb covb inversecl;
 output out = mdat prob = p xbeta = xB std = sd;
run;
                          /* grey-scale postscript */
goptions target=winprtg;
goptions rotate = landscape;
proc gplot;
    axis logbase = 10 logstyle = power;
    plot mvl*energy p*energy / overlay;
run;
```

# **Probit Analysis**

Data Set	Pulsewidth	Reading Time	Fluorescein Angiography
m90fs1h.dat	90 fs	1 hour	
m90fs24h.dat	90 fs	24 hour	
m90fs1hf.dat	90 fs	1 hour	FA
m90fs2hf.dat	90 fs	24 hour	FA
m600f1h.dat	600 fs	1 hour	
m600f2h.dat	600 fs	24 hour	
m600f1hf.dat	600 fs	1 hour	FA
m600f2hf.dat	500 fs	24 hour	FA
m3ps1h.dat	3 ps	1 hour	
m3ps24h.dat	3 ps	24 hour	
m3ps1hfa.dat	3 ps	1 hour	FA
m3ps2hf.dat	3 ps	24 hour	FA
m60ps1h.dat	60 ps	1 hour	
m60ps2h.dat	60 ps	24 hour	
m60p1hfa.dat	60 ps	1 hour	FA
m60p2hfa.dat	60 ps	24 hour	FA
mon4ns1h.dat	4 ns	1 hour	
mon4ns2h.dat	4 ns	24 hour	
m4ns1hfa.dat	4 ns	1 hour	FA
m4ns2hfa.dat	4 ns	24 hour	FA



			15:55 Indiaday,	Dopouni	,
OBS	ENERGY	MVL	OBS	ENERGY	MVL
123456789012345678901232222222233333333344423456789012345678901	0.01 0.03 0.04 0.05 0.08 0.10 0.11 0.12 0.16 0.17 0.19 0.20 0.21 0.22 0.22 0.22 0.22 0.22 0.30 0.30 0.31 0.33 0.33 0.33 0.33 0.33 0.42 0.55	000000000001000000000101000010000001110000	62 63 64 65 66 67 77 77 77 78 81 82 83 84 85 88 89 99 99 99 99 99 100 101 112 113 114 115 117 118 119 111 111 111 111 112 112 112 112 112	0.61 0.663 0.663 0.677 0.778 0.778 0.884 0.991 1.000 0.005 1.100 1.000 1	000000011010100100000000010011000000011100111001111

Class	Levels	Values
MVT.	2	1.0

Number of observations used = 122

### m90fs1h.dat

15:35 Thursday, September 1, 1994

### Probit Procedure

Data Set

=WORK.INDATA

Dependent Variable=MVL

Weighted Frequency Counts for the Ordered Response Categories

Level	Count
1	42
0	80

Log Likelihood for NORMAL -64.47120881

### Goodness-of-Fit Tests

Statistic	Value	DF	Prob>Chi-Sq
Pearson Chi-Square	85.9111	71	0.1097
L.R. Chi-Square	88.4001	71	0.0792

Response Levels: 2 Number of Covariate Values: 73

NOTE: Since the chi-square is small (p > 0.1000), fiducial limits will be calculated using a t value of 1.96.

Variable DF Estimate Std Err ChiSquare Pr>Chi Label/Value

INTERCPT 1 -0.1187452 0.137547 0.745302 0.3880 Intercept Log10(ENE) 1 1.66201977 0.364641 20.77504 0.0001

### Estimated Covariance Matrix

	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	0.018919	0.018826
Log10(ENERG)	0.018826	0.132963

### Estimated Correlation Matrix

	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	1.000000	0.375352
Log10(ENERG)	0.375352	1.000000

# Probit Model in Terms of Tolerance Distribution

SIGMA 0.601678 0.071446

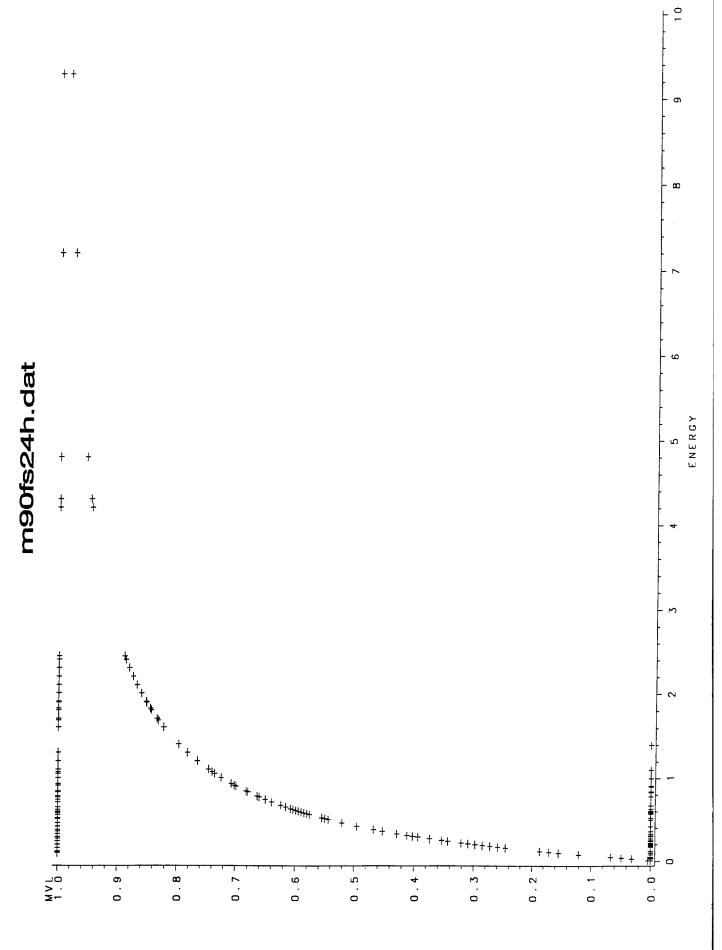
# Estimated Covariance Matrix for Tolerance Parameters

	MU	SIGMA
MU	0.008069	0.006170
SIGMA	0.006170	0.017426

# m90fs1h.dat 7 15:35 Thursday, September 1, 1994

# Probit Procedure Probit Analysis on ENERGY

	_		
Probability	ENERGY	95 Percent Fig Lower	
0.01 0.02 0.03 0.04 0.05 0.06 0.07 0.08 0.09 0.10 0.15 0.20 0.25 0.30 0.35 0.40 0.45 0.50 0.65 0.70 0.75 0.80 0.99	0.04696 0.06851 0.08706 0.10426 0.12072 0.13676 0.15258 0.16829 0.18397 0.19969 0.28044 0.36733 0.46304 0.57007 0.69121 0.82988 0.99046 1.17882 1.40299 1.67448 2.01041 2.43762 3.00104 3.78295 4.95502 6.95868 7.55350 8.25746 9.10745	0.00568 0.01094 0.01656 0.02259 0.02906 0.03599 0.04338 0.05125 0.05961 0.06847 0.12064 0.18671 0.26715 0.36107 0.46614 0.57968 0.70047 0.82960 0.97024 1.12725 1.30747 1.52084 1.78303 2.12114 2.58877 3.31546 3.51821 3.75201 4.02645	
0.94 0.95 0.96 0.97 0.98 0.99	10.16058 11.51113 13.32892 15.96164 20.28341 29.59086	4.35599 4.76394 5.29106 6.01787 7.13783 9.33361	78.67952 97.71743 126.07869 172.51476 261.84636 505.84282
0.55	25.05000		



			00.07	Inurs	day, bepea	DCI I
OBS	ENERGY	MVL		OBS	ENERGY	MVL
1	0.01	0		62	0,61	0
2	0.03	0		63	0.62	1
3	0.04	0		64	0.63	0
4	0.05	0		65	0.65	1
5	0.08	0		66	0.67	0
6	0.08	0		67	0.71	1
7	0.10	0		68	0.74	1 1
8	0.10	1		69 70	0.74 0.77	i
9	0.11	1		70 71	0.78	i
10 11	0.12 0.12	0 1		72	0.78	ō
12	0.12	ī		73	0.83	ĭ
13	0.17	ō		74	0.83	Ō
14	0.18	Ŏ		75	0.84	1
15	0.19	Ŏ		76	0.84	0
16	0.20	Ō		77	0.90	0
17	0.20	1		78	0.91	1
18	0.21	0		79	0.91	0
19	0.22	0		80	0.93	1
20	0.22	0		81	1.00	1
21	0.22	0		82	1.00	1
22	0.24	1		83	1.00	0
23	0.24	0 1		84 85	1.00 1.00	0 1
24 25	0.24 0.25	Ō		86	1.00	ī
26	0.25	ŏ		87	1.00	ī
27 27	0.27	ĭ		88	1.00	ō
28	0.27	ō		89	1.05	1
29	0.29	1		90	1.07	1
30	0.30	0		91	1.10	1
31	0.30	0		92	1.10	0
32	0.30	0		93	1.10	1
33	0.30	0		94 95	1.10 1.10	1 1
34	0.31 0.33	0 0		96	1.10	ō
35 36	0.33	1		97	1.10	ŏ
37	0.36	i		98	1.20	ĭ
38	0.36	ō		99	1.30	1
39	0.38	ì		100	1.30	1
40	0.42	ī		101	1.40	0
41	0.42	0		102	1.60	1
42	0.46	1		103	1.68	1
43	0.46	1		104	1.70	1
44	0.50	0		105	1.80	1
45	0.50	0		106 107	1.82 1.89	1 1
46	0.51 0.52	1		108	1.90	ī
47 48	0.52	Ö		109	2.00	ī
49	0.52	ĭ		110	2.00	ī
50	0.56	ī		111	2.10	1
51	0.57	0		112	2.10	1
52	0.57	0		113	2.20	1
53	0.58	1		114	2.30	1
54	0.58	1		115	2.40	1 1
55	0.58	0		116	2.44	1
56	0.58	1 0		117 118	4.20 4.30	1
57 50	0.59 0.59	1		119	4.30	1
58 59	0.60	i		120	4.80	i
60	0.60	i		121	7.20	ī
61	0.60	ō		122	9.30	ī
-		~		-		

Class Levels Values
MVL 2 1 0

Number of observations used = 122

m90fs24h.dat

198 08:07 Thursday, September 1, 1994

# Probit Procedure

Data Set =WORK.INDATA
Dependent Variable=MVL

Weighted Frequency Counts for the Ordered Response Categories

Level Count 1 70 0 52

Log Likelihood for NORMAL -68.21446878

### Goodness-of-Fit Tests

Statistic	Value	DF	Prob>Chi-Sq
Pearson Chi-Square	55.2443	71	0.9159
L.R. Chi-Square	67.0562	71	0.6107

Response Levels: 2 Number of Covariate Values: 73

NOTE: Since the chi-square is small (p > 0.1000), fiducial limits will be calculated using a t value of 1.96.

Variable DF Estimate Std Err ChiSquare Pr>Chi Label/Value

INTERCPT 1 0.59644115 0.152723 15.25198 0.0001 Intercept Log10(ENE) 1 1.61456145 0.338641 22.73155 0.0001

### Estimated Covariance Matrix

	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	0.023324	0.030005
Log10 (ENERG)	0.030005	0.114678

# Estimated Correlation Matrix

	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	1.000000	0.580171
Log10(ENERG)	0.580171	1.000000

Probit Model in Terms of Tolerance Distribution

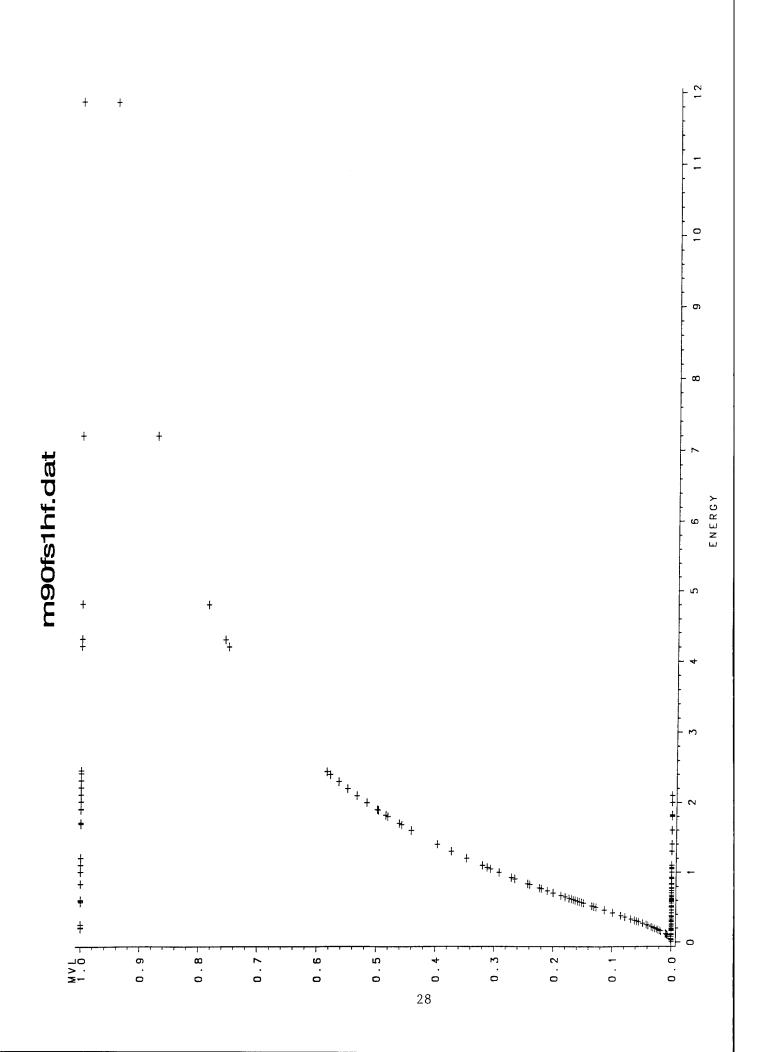
MU SIGMA -0.36941 0.619363

### Estimated Covariance Matrix for Tolerance Parameters

	MU	SIGMA
MU	0.006447	-0.002936
SIGMA	-0.002936	0.016876

# Probit Procedure Probit Analysis on ENERGY

Probability	ENERGY	95	Percent Fiduci	
			Lower	Upper
0.01	0.01548		0.00123	0.04556
0.02	0.02283		0.00237	0.06031
0.03	0.02922		0.00257	0.07209
0.04	0.03518		0.00300	0.08249
0.05	0.04091		0.00633	0.09207
0.06	0.04652		0.00785	0.10112
0.07	0.05206		0.00948	0.10982
0.08	0.05759		0.01122	0.11826
0.09	0.06312		0.01308	0.12652
0.10	0.06868		0.01506	0.13466
0.15	0.09742		0.02692	0.17473
0.20	0.12862		0.04255	0.21573
0.25	0.16324		0.06276	0.25955
0.30	0.20220		0.08856	0.30792
0.35	0.24657		0.12110	0.36293
0.40	0.29763		0.16169	0.42756
0.45	0.35707		0.21165	0.50630
0.50	0.42716		0.27205	0.60630
0.55	0.51099		0.34357	0.73899
0.60	0.61306		0.42665	0.92240
0.65	0.74001		0.52240	1.18499
0.70	0.90236		0.63404	1.57369
0.75	1.11774		0.76850	2.17329
0.80	1.41859		0.93914	3.15624
0.85	1.87290		1.17292	4.93203
0.90	2.65664		1.53537	8.73905
0.91	2.89068		1.63665	10.04550
0.92	3.16837		1.75360	11.69153
0.93	3.50459		1.89109	13.81998
0.94	3.92244		2.05653	16.66553
0.95	4.46014		2.26187	20.64256
0.96	5.18677		2.52806	26.55836
0.97	6.24426		2.89666	36.22721
0.98	7.99103		3.46795	54.78670
0.99	11.78801		4.59817	105.31995



Class	Levels	Values
MVL	2	1 0

m90fs1hf.dat

12 15:35 Thursday, September 1, 1994

#### Probit Procedure

Data Set

=WORK.INDATA

Dependent Variable=MVL

Weighted Frequency Counts for the Ordered Response Categories

Level	Count
1	27
0	96

Log Likelihood for NORMAL -48.75607625

#### Goodness-of-Fit Tests

Statistic	Value	$\mathtt{DF}$	Prob>Chi-Sq
Pearson Chi-Square L.R. Chi-Square	99.7159 65.2876	70 70	0.0113 0.6372
n.k. Chr-square	03.2070	70	0.03/2

Response Levels: 2 Number of Covariate Values:

WARNING: All variances and covariances have been multiplied by the heterogeneity factor H=1.4245. Please check to be sure that the large chi-square (p < 0.0113) is not caused by systematic departure from the model. A t value of 1.9944 will be used in computing fiducial limits.

> Variable DF Estimate Std Err ChiSquare Pr>Chi Label/Value

1 -0.5476554 0.174725 9.824335 0.0017 Intercept Log10(ENE) 1 1.96193346 0.497834 15.53097 0.0001

### Estimated Covariance Matrix

	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	0.030529	0.016302
Log10 (ENERG)	0.016302	0.247839

#### Estimated Correlation Matrix

	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	1.000000	0.187413
Log10(ENERG)	0.187413	1.000000

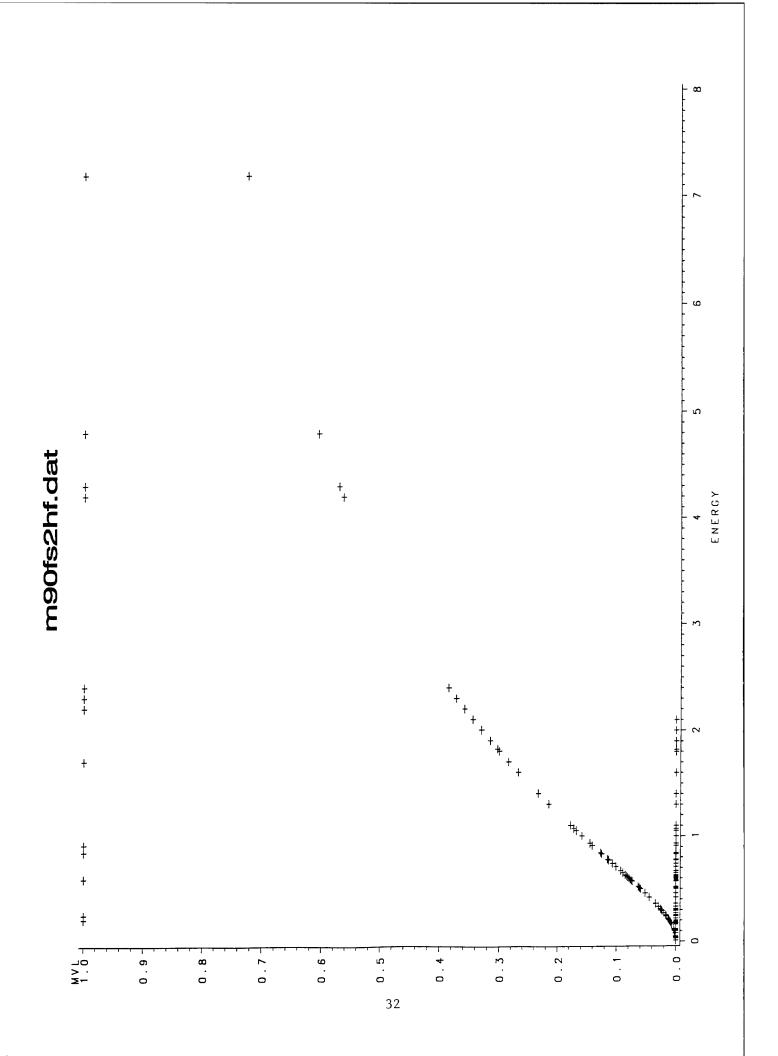
### Probit Model in Terms of Tolerance Distribution

SIGMA 0.279141 0.509701

	MU	SIGMA
MU	0.015313	0.011320
SIGMA	0.011320	0.016728

### m90fs1hf.dat

15 15:35 Thursday, September 1, 1994



233 08:07 Thursday, September 1, 1994

OBS	ENERGY	MVL	OBS	ENERGY	MVL	OBS	ENERGY	MVL
1	0.01	0	62	0.65	0	123	41	1
2 3	0.03 0.04	Ö	63 64	0.67 0.71	0	124	42	1 1
4	0.05	ŏ	65	0.74	ŏ	125 126	43 43	i
5	0.08	0	66	0.74	0	127	47	ī
6	0.08	0	67	0.77	0	128	52	1
7	0.10	0 0	68	0.78	0	129	71	1
8 9	0.10 0.11	Ŏ	69 70	0.78 0.83	Ö	130	81 82	1
10	0.12	ŏ	70	0.83	ŏ	131	82	_
11	0.12	0	72	0.84	1			
12	0.16	0	73	0.84	0			
13	0.17 0.18	0 0	74	0.91 0.91	1 0			
14 15	0.18	ŏ	75 76	0.91	ŏ			
16	0.20	Ŏ	77	1.00	Ŏ			
17	0.20	0	78	1.00	0			
18	0.21	1	79	1.00	0			
19	0.22 0.22	0 0	80	1.00 1.00	0 0			
20 21	0.22	Ŏ	81 82	1.00	ŏ			
22	0.24	ŏ	83	1.00	Ŏ			
23	0.24	0	84	1.00	0			
24	0.24	0	85	1.05	0			
25 26	0.25 0.25	1 0	86 87	1.07 1.10	0 0			
26 27	0.27	ŏ	88	1.10	ŏ			
28	0.27	0	89	1.10	0			
29	0.29	0	90	1.10	0			
30	0.30	0 0	91	1.10	0 0			
31 32	0.30 0.30	Ö	92 93	1.10 1.10	Ö			
33	0.30	ŏ	94	1.30	ŏ			
34	0.31	0	95	1.30	0			
35	0.33	0	96	1.40	0			
36 27	0.33 0.36	0 0	97 98	1.60 1.70	0 1			
37 38	0.36	ŏ	99	1.80	ō			
39	0.42	0	100	1.82	0			
40	0.42	0	101	1.90	0			
41	0.46	0 0	102	2.00	0			
42 43	0.46 0.50	ŏ	103 104	2.00 2.10	Ö			
44	0.50	0	105	2.10	Ŏ			
45	0.51	0	106	2.20	1			
46	0.52	0 0	107	2.30	1			
47 48	0.52 0.52	ŏ	108 109	2.40 4.20	1			
49	0.57	ŏ	110	4.30	ī			
50	0.57	0	111	4.30	1			
51	0.58	0	112	4.80	1			
52 53	0.58	0	113	7.20	1			
53 54	0.58 0.59	0 0	114 115	11.90 14.00	1 1 1 1 1 1			
55	0.59	1 0	116	16.00	ī			
56	0.60	0	117	22.00	1			
57	0.60	0	118	28.00	1			
58 59	0.60 0.61	0	119 120	37.00 38.00	1			
60	0.62	0	121	38.00	1			
61	0.63	0	122	39.00	ī			

Class Levels Values

MVL 2. 10

Number of observations used = 131

m90fs2hf.dat

237 08:07 Thursday, September 1, 1994

#### Probit Procedure

Data Set

-WORK.INDATA

Dependent Variable=MVL

Weighted Frequency Counts for the Ordered Response Categories

Level	Count
1	32
0	99

Log Likelihood for NORMAL -32.91782956

#### Goodness-of-Fit Tests

Statist	ic	Value	DF	Prob>Chi-Sq
Pearson	Chi-Square	195.4954	79	0.0000
L.R.	Chi-Square	54.7453	79	0.9829

Response Levels: 2 Number of Covariate Values: 81

WARNING: All variances and covariances have been multiplied by the heterogeneity factor H=2.4746. Please check to be sure that the large chi-square (p < 0.0001) is not caused by systematic departure from the model. A t value of 1.9905 will be used in computing fiducial limits.

Variable DF Estimate Std Err ChiSquare Pr>Chi Label/Value INTERCPT 1 -0.9743068 0.270673 12.95694 0.0003 Intercept

Log10(ENE) 1 2.1200031 0.618372 11.75367 0.0006

### Estimated Covariance Matrix

	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	0.073264	-0.021317
Log10 (ENERG)	-0.021317	0.382384

#### Estimated Correlation Matrix

	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	1.000000	-0.127361
Log10(ENERG)	-0.127361	1.000000

### Probit Model in Terms of Tolerance Distribution

MU SIGMA 0.459578 0.471697

	MU	SIGMA
MU	0.029911	0.016206
SIGMA	0.016206	0.018930

Probability	ENERGY 9	95 Percent Fiduc Lower	ial Limits Upper
0.01 0.02 0.03 0.04 0.05 0.06 0.07 0.08 0.09 0.10 0.15 0.20 0.25 0.30 0.35 0.40 0.45 0.50 0.55 0.60 0.65 0.70	0.23027 0.30962 0.37360 0.43031 0.48273 0.53235 0.58003 0.62634 0.671626 0.71626 0.71626 0.71626 1.38491 1.63012 1.89593 2.188123 3.3012 1.89593 2.188123 3.379386 4.37857 5.99423 7.18735 88098 11.58998 12.35972 13.25399 14.31215 15.59411 17.19694		
0.96 0.97 0.98 0.99	19.29177 22.21997 26.81181 36.05042	6.16719 6.77507 7.67224 9.32268	1074 1498 2331 4687

## - <del>-</del> + 15 + 4 13 12 <del>-</del> # 10 # m600flh.dat 6 ENERGY 9 + + + + + + 2 + + + + ‡ 0.0 6.0 0 . 8 – 0.7-0.6-0.5-0 . 4 0.3-0.2. 0.1

	m600f1h.da	t	08:07	Thursday	y, Septemb	249 er 1, 1994
OBS	ENERGY	MVL		OBS	ENERGY	MVL
123456789012345678901222222222223333333333444444445555555555	ENERGY  0.02 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.04 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.06 0.07 0.08 0.11 0.11 0.12 0.13 0.15 0.16 0.17 0.17 0.17 0.17 0.17 0.18 0.22 0.22 0.22 0.22 0.22 0.22 0.22 0.2		08:07	OBS 634566789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789111111111111111111111111111111111111	ENERGY  0.43 0.44 0.45 0.56 0.59 0.69 0.73 0.83 0.87 0.92 0.90 0.10 0.91 1.03 1.12 1.70 1.72 1.95 1.95 2.23 2.36 4.46 4.59 9.57	er 1, 1994
55 56 57 58 59 60 61	0.37 0.37 0.37 0.39 0.39 0.41	0 0 0 0 0		116 117 118 119 120 121	10.10 10.10 10.20 12.20 14.80 15.50	1 1 1 1 1

Class	Levels	Values	
MVT.	2	1 0	

m600flh.dat

252 08:07 Thursday, September 1, 1994

### Probit Procedure

Data Set

-WORK.INDATA

Dependent Variable=MVL

Weighted Frequency Counts for the Ordered Response Categories

Level	Count
1	56
0	65

Log Likelihood for NORMAL -49.9171578

#### Goodness-of-Fit Tests

Statist	ic	Value	DF	Prob>Chi-Sq
	Chi-Square Chi-Square	81.7423 77.6536	83 83	0.5185 0.6451

Response Levels: 2 Number of Covariate Values: 85

NOTE: Since the chi-square is small (p > 0.1000), fiducial limits will be calculated using a t value of 1.96.

Variable DF Estimate Std Err ChiSquare Pr>Chi Label/Value

1 0.46129666 0.167927 7.546072 0.0060 Intercept 1 2.07415829 0.342131 36.7535 0.0001

Log10(ENE) 1 2.07415829 0.342131

### Estimated Covariance Matrix

	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)	
INTERCPT	0.028199	0.029872	
Log10 (ENERG)	0.029872	0.117054	

### Estimated Correlation Matrix

	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	1.000000	0.519931
Log10(ENERG)	0.519931	1.000000

Probit Model in Terms of Tolerance Distribution

MU SIGMA -0.2224 0.482123

	MU	SIGMA
MU	0.004812	0.000430
SIGMA	0.000430	0.006324

Probability	ENERGY	95	Percent Fiduci Lower	al Limits Upper
0.01	0.04529		0.01290	0.08857
0.02	0.06130		0.02002	0.11216
0.03	0.07427		0.02644 0.03257	0.13042 0.14619
0.04	0.08581		0.03257	0.16049
0.05 0.06	0.09651		0.03857	0.17383
0.07	0.10666		0.05047	0.18651
0.08	0.12594		0.05645	0.19871
0.09	0.13527		0.06248	0.21056
0.10	0.14445		0.06858	0.22216
0.15	0.18963		0.10051	0.27837
0.20	0.23541		0.13543	0.33489
0.25	0.28341		0.17392	0.39466
0.30	0.33479		0.21642	0.46013
0.35	0.39068		0.26330	0.53394
0.40	0.45233		0.31492	0.61923
0.45	0.52121		0.37169	0.72005
0.50	0.59924		0.43421	0.84170
0.55	0.68894		0.50341	0.99137
0.60	0.79386		0.58083	1.17925
0.65	0.91912		0.66887 0.77137	1.42043 1.73885
0.70	1.07257 1.26703		0.77137	2.17521
0.75 0.80	1.52533		1.04964	2.80588
0.85	1.89359		1.25805	3.79475
0.90	2.48579		1.57134	5.57894
0.91	2.65465		1.65690	6.12740
0.92	2.85112		1.75470	6.78617
0.93	3.08398		1.86841	7.59462
0.94	3.36659		2.00355	8.61446
0.95	3.72066		2.16889	9.94919
0.96	4.18451		2.37970	11.78865
0.97	4.83473		2.66575	14.52999
0.98	5.85812		3.09764	19.19957
0.99	7.92838		3.91945	29.82851

# 16 15 1 4 13 + 12 -‡ 10 m600f2h.dat 6 ENERGY 9 5 + ‡ + ‡ 7 + 0.0 + + 0.3-0 . 6 0 . 8 -0.7-0.5 0.2-0 . 1 -0.9 0.4 40

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OBS	ENERGY	MVL		OBS	ENERGY	MVL
1	0.02	0		62	0.43	1
2	0.03	0		63	0.44	1
3	0.03	0		64	0.44	1
4	0.03	0		65	0.45	1
5	0.03	0		66	0.49	1
6 7	0.03 0.04	0		67 60	0.50	1
8	0.04	ŏ		68 69	0.56 0.58	1 1
9	0.05	Ö		70	0.59	i
10	0.05	ŏ		70 71	0.63	ī
11	0.05	Ō		72	0.69	ī
12	0.06	0		73	0.72	ī
13	0.07	0		74	0.73	1
14	0.08	0		75	0.78	1
15	0.08	0		76	0.83	1
16	0.10	0		77	0.83	1
17	0.11	0		78	0.85	1
18	0.11	0		79	0.86	1
19	0.11	0		80	0.87	1
20 21	0.12 0.13	0		81	0.91	1
22	0.13	Ö		82 83	0.92 1.00	1
23	0.15	ŏ		84	1.00	i
24	0.16	Ö		85	1.03	ī
25	0.17	1		86	1.03	ī
26	0.17	1		87	1.12	1
27	0.17	0		88	1.19	1
28	0.17	0		89	1.20	1
29 30	0.18 0.18	1 0		90	1.21 1.34	1 1
31	0.20	ŏ		91 92	1.50	i
32	0.22	ĭ		93	1.70	ī
33	0.22	1		94	1.72	ī
34	0.22	0		95	1.94	1
35	0.23	0		96	1.95	1
36	0.24	1		97	1.95	1
37	0.25	0		98	2.08	1
38 39	0.25 0.25	0		99	2.21 2.26	1 1
40	0.25	ĭ		100 101	2.31	1
41	0.26	ō		102	2.32	i
42	0.26	i		103	2.36	ī
43	0.26	0		104	2.54	ī
44	0.27	1		105	3.04	1
45	0.28	0		106	3.56	1
46	0.29	0		107	3.66	1
47 48	0.31 0.32	0 1		108	4.07	1
49	0.32	i		109 110	4.36 4.46	1
50	0.32	ī		111	4.58	i
51	0.32	ī		112	4.91	ī
52	0.33	1		113	4.91	1
53	0.34	1		114	5.94	1
54	0.36	1		115	9.57	1
55 56	0.37	0		116	10.10	1
56 57	0.37 0.37	0		117	10.10	1
5 <i>7</i>	0.37	1		118 119	10.20 12.20	1
59	0.39	ō		120	14.80	1
60	0.41	ĭ		121	15.50	î
61	0.41	1				

Class	Levels	Values
MVL	2	1 0

Number of observations used = 121

m600f2h.dat

259 08:07 Thursday, September 1, 1994

#### Probit Procedure

Data Set =WORK.INDATA
Dependent Variable=MVL

Weighted Frequency Counts for the Ordered Response Categories

Level Count 1 79 0 42

Log Likelihood for NORMAL -28.75843126

#### Goodness-of-Fit Tests

Statistic	Value	DF	Prob>Chi-Sq
Pearson Chi-Square	30.0650	83	1.0000
L.R. Chi-Square	34.2897	83	1.0000

Response Levels: 2 Number of Covariate Values: 85

NOTE: Since the chi-square is small (p > 0.1000), fiducial limits will be calculated using a t value of 1.96.

Variable DF Estimate Std Err ChiSquare Pr>Chi Label/Value

INTERCPT 1 2.80507213 0.613371 20.91425 0.0001 Intercept Log10(ENE) 1 4.78979054 1.042264 21.11919 0.0001

### Estimated Covariance Matrix

	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	0.376223	0.607977
Log10 (ENERG)	0.607977	1.086315

#### Estimated Correlation Matrix

	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)	
INTERCPT	1.000000	0.951013	
Log10 (ENERG)	0.951013	1.000000	

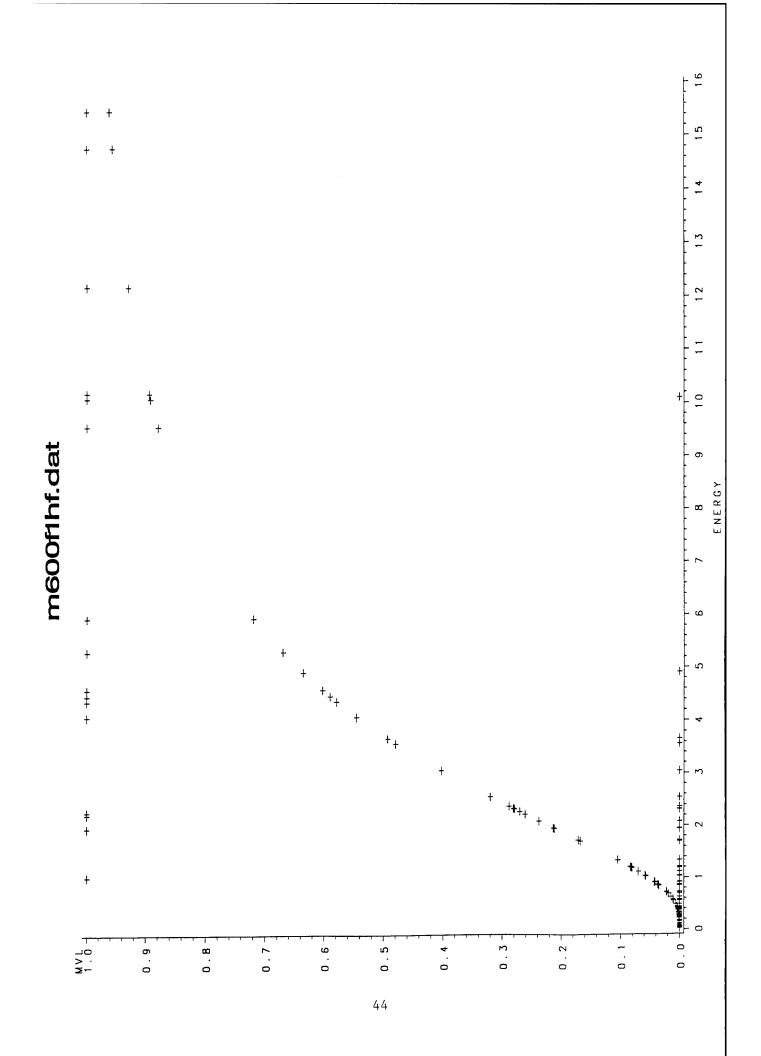
### Probit Model in Terms of Tolerance Distribution

MU SIGMA -0.58564 0.208777

	MU	SIGMA
MU	0.001599	-0.000257
SIGMA	-0.000257	0.002064

### m600f2h.dat

Probability	ENERGY 95	Percent Fiducia Lower	l Limits Upper
Probability  0.01 0.02 0.03 0.04 0.05 0.06 0.07 0.08 0.09 0.10 0.15 0.20 0.25 0.30 0.35 0.40 0.45 0.50 0.55 0.60 0.65 0.70 0.75 0.80 0.85	ENERGY 95  0.08485 0.09674 0.10512 0.11191 0.11775 0.12296 0.12772 0.13213 0.13628 0.14022 0.15775 0.17324 0.18774 0.20178 0.21573 0.22986 0.21573 0.22986 0.24442 0.25964 0.27580 0.29326 0.29326 0.31247 0.33408 0.35907 0.38911 0.42732		
0.90 0.91 0.92	0.48075 0.49463 0.51017	0.38305 0.39173 0.40132	0.77274 0.81004 0.85279
0.92 0.93 0.94 0.95 0.96 0.97 0.98 0.99	0.51017 0.52781 0.54823 0.57250 0.60238 0.64126 0.69685 0.79443	0.41203 0.42424 0.43848 0.45568 0.47756 0.50800 0.55939	0.90259 0.96189 1.03457 1.12737 1.25344 1.44394



			08:07	Thursday,	Septembe	r 1,
OBS	ENERGY	MVL		OBS	ENERGY	MVL
1234567890123456789012322222222233333333334444444445555555555	0.03 0.03 0.03 0.04 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		62345676777777778888888888899999999999999999	1.04 1.12 1.19 1.20 1.34 1.70 1.72 1.95 1.95 2.31 2.32 2.36 4.07 4.36 4.91 5.30 4.58 4.91 5.94 9.10 10.20 11.20 12.20 14.80 15.50	0000000011000000001111011111111

Class Levels Values
MVL 2 1 0

m600f1hf.dat

287 08:07 Thursday, September 1, 1994

### Probit Procedure

Data Set

=WORK.INDATA

Dependent Variable=MVL

Weighted Frequency Counts for the Ordered Response Categories

Level	Count
1	16
0	80

Log Likelihood for NORMAL -18.96758625

### Goodness-of-Fit Tests

Statistic	Value	DF	Prob>Chi-Sq
Pearson Chi-Square	29.0354	74	1.0000
L.R. Chi-Square	29.6174	74	1.0000

Response Levels: 2 Number of Covariate Values: 76

NOTE: Since the chi-square is small (p > 0.1000), fiducial limits will be calculated using a t value of 1.96.

Variable DF Estimate Std Err ChiSquare Pr>Chi Label/Value

INTERCPT 1 -1.618235 0.364521 19.70776 0.0001 Intercept Log10(ENE) 1 2.84105928 0.663249 18.3488 0.0001

### Estimated Covariance Matrix

	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	0.132876	-0.187481
Log10 (ENERG)	-0.187481	0.439899

### Estimated Correlation Matrix

INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
1.000000 -0.775459	-0.775459 1.000000

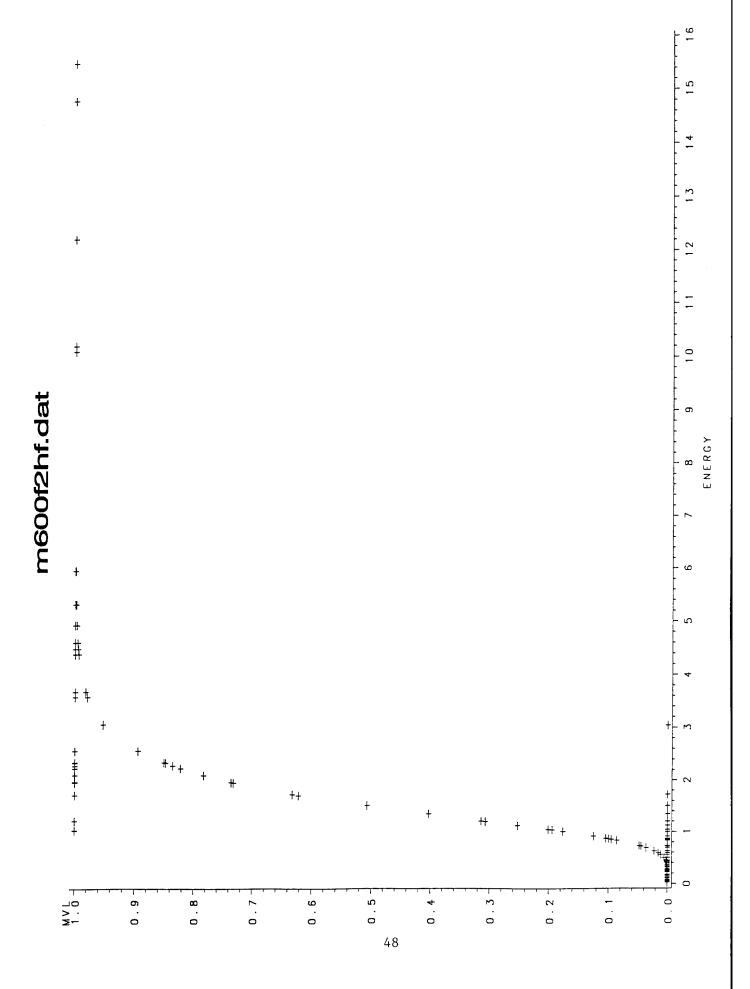
### Probit Model in Terms of Tolerance Distribution

MU	SIGMA
0.569589	0.351981

	MU	SIGMA
MU	0.007683	0.002751
SIGMA	0.002751	0.006752

### m600flhf.dat

Probability	ENERGY 9	95 Percent Fiduc Lower	ial Limits Upper
0.01 0.02 0.03 0.04 0.05 0.06 0.07 0.08 0.09 0.10 0.15 0.20 0.25 0.30 0.35 0.40 0.45 0.50 0.65 0.70 0.75 0.80 0.91 0.92 0.93	0.56332 0.70260 0.80832 0.89821 0.97866 1.05278 1.12237 1.18858 1.25218 1.31373 1.60245 1.87652 2.14872 2.42666 2.71621 3.02284 3.35242 3.71183 4.10978 4.55787 5.07241 5.67764 6.41204 7.34216 8.59793 10.48747 11.00296 11.59171 12.27551	Lower  0.13872 0.20574 0.26364 0.31727 0.36845 0.41808 0.46670 0.51464 0.56213 0.60932 0.84404 1.08045 1.32011 1.56296 1.80881 2.05809 2.31233 2.57423 2.84780 3.13857 3.45418 3.80550 4.20908 4.69246 5.30751 6.17258 6.39854 6.65213 6.94111	Upper 1.00381 1.18359 1.31672 1.42863 1.52829 1.62005 1.70637 1.78886 1.86857 1.94631 2.32242 2.70495 3.11862 3.58311 4.11765 4.74332 5.48512 6.37492 7.45588 8.78949 10.46784 12.63643 15.54122 19.63728 25.88495 36.78905 40.06987 43.97485 48.71950
0.94 0.95 0.96 0.97 0.98 0.99	13.08700 14.07818 15.33902 17.04484 19.60966 24.45793	7.27700 7.67786 8.17437 8.82516 9.76498 11.43990	54.63911 62.29043 72.68380 87.90515 113.25592 169.05401



			08:07 11	ursuu	I/ Deptem	DCI 1,
OBS	ENERGY	MVL	c	BS	ENERGY	MVL
1	0.02	0		62	0.44	0
2	0.03	0		63	0.44	0
3	0.03	0		64	0.45	0
4	0.03	0		65	0.50	0
5	0.03	0		66	0.56	0
6 7	0.03 0.04	0 0		67	0.59 0.63	0
8	0.04	ŏ		68 69	0.69	Ö
9	0.05	ŏ		70	0.72	ŏ
10	0.05	Ŏ		71	0.73	ŏ
11	0.05	0		72	0.83	Ō
12	0.06	0		73	0.83	0
13	0.07	0		74	0.85	0
14	0.08	0		75	0.86	0
15	0.08	0		76	0.87	0
16 17	0.10 0.11	ŏ		77 78	0.91 1.00	0 0
18	0.11	ŏ		79	1.03	i
19	0.11	ŏ		80	1.03	ī
20	0.12	Ö		81	1.04	ō
21	0.13	0		82	1.12	0
22	0.15	0		83	1.20	0
23	0.16	0		84	1.21	1
24	0.17	0		85	1.34	0
25 26	0.17 0.17	0 0		86 97	1.50	0 1
27	0.17	ŏ		87 88	1.70 1.72	0
28	0.18	ŏ		89	1.94	ĭ
29	0.18	Ō		90	1.95	ī
30	0.22	0		91	1.95	1
31	0.22	0		92	2.08	1
32	0.22	0		93	2.21	1
33	0.23	0		94	2.26	1
34 35	0.24 0.24	0 0		95 96	2.31 2.32	1 1
36	0.25	Ö		90 97	2.54	1
37	0.25	Ŏ		98	3.04	ō
38	0.25	0		99	3.56	1
39	0.25	0		00	3.66	1
40	0.26	0		01	4.36	1
41	0.26	0		02	4.46	1
42 43	0.26 0.27	0		03 04	4.58 4.91	1 1
44	0.28	ŏ		05	5.30	ī
45	0.29	Ŏ		06	5.94	
46	0.31	0		07	10.10	1
47	0.32	0	10	80	10.10	1
48	0.32	0		09	10.20	1
49	0.32	0		10	12.20	1
50 51	0.32 0.33	Ö		11	14.80	1 1
5 <u>1</u>	0.34	ŏ	1.	12	15.50	_
53	0.36	ŏ				
54	0.37	0				
55	0.37	0				
56	0.37	0				
57	0.39	0				
58	0.39	0				
59	0.41	0 0				
60 61	0.41 0.43	0				
ΩŢ	0.43	U				

Class	Levels	Values
MVL	2	1 0

27:

m600f2hf.dat

08:07 Thursday, September 1, 1994

### Probit Procedure

Data Set =WORK.INDATA
Dependent Variable=MVL

Weighted Frequency Counts for the Ordered Response Categories

Level Count 1 27 0 85

Log Likelihood for NORMAL -14.12820084

### Goodness-of-Fit Tests

Statistic		Value	DF	Prob>Chi-Sq
	Chi-Square Chi-Square	38.9485 28.2564	76 76	0.9999 1.0000

Response Levels: 2 Number of Covariate Values: 78

NOTE: Since the chi-square is small (p > 0.1000), fiducial limits will be calculated using a t value of 1.96.

Variable DF Estimate Std Err ChiSquare Pr>Chi Label/Value

INTERCPT 1 -0.9300568 0.331547 7.869169 0.0050 Intercept Log10(ENE) 1 5.3827644 1.308593 16.92005 0.0001

### Estimated Covariance Matrix

	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	0.109923	-0.259593
Log10 (ENERG)	-0.259593	1.712415

### Estimated Correlation Matrix

	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	1.000000	-0.598334
Log10(ENERG)	-0.598334	1.000000

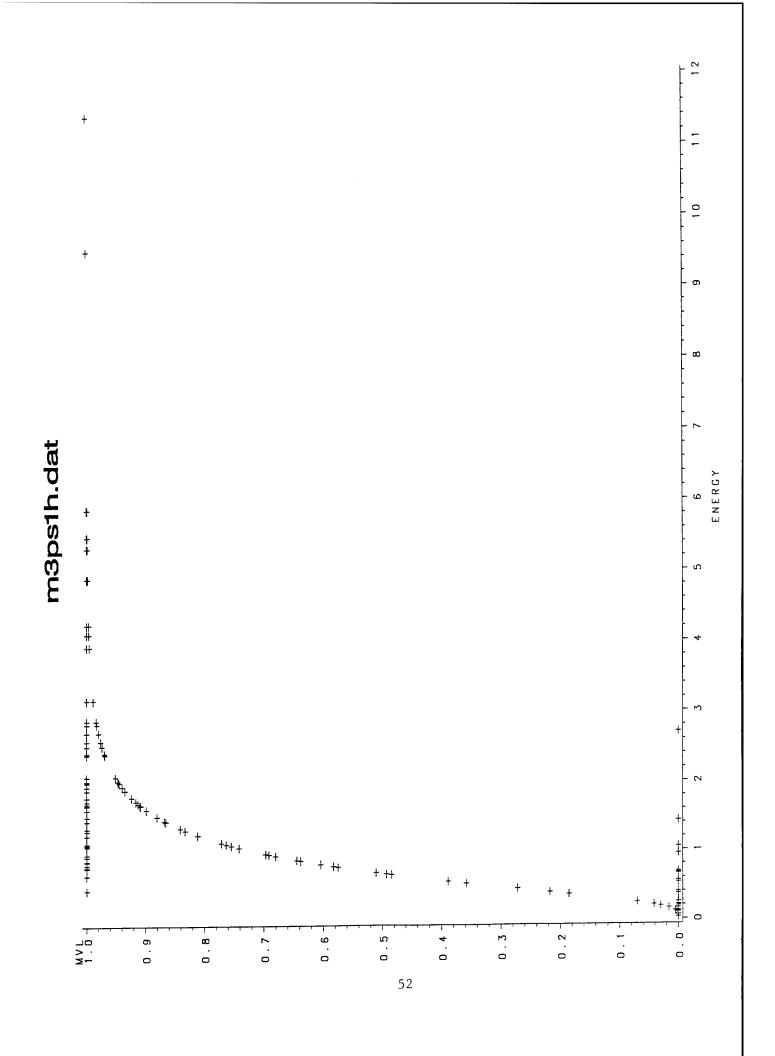
### Probit Model in Terms of Tolerance Distribution

MU SIGMA 0.172784 0.185778

	MU	SIGMA
MU	0.002462	0.000233
SIGMA	0.000233	0.002040

276

0.01       0.55030       0.22063       0.78722         0.02       0.61836       0.27384       0.85761         0.03       0.66585       0.31380       0.90631         0.04       0.70396       0.34745       0.94531         0.05       0.73656       0.37731       0.97870         0.06       0.76549       0.40458       1.00841         0.07       0.79180       0.42998       1.03553         0.08       0.81612       0.45395       1.06072         0.09       0.83888       0.47678       1.08443         0.10       0.86040       0.49870       1.10699         0.15       0.95552       0.59894       1.20901         0.20       1.03855       0.68978       1.30239         0.25       1.11552       0.77539       1.39403         0.30       1.18949       0.85769       1.48802         0.35       1.26241       0.93772       1.58753         0.40       1.33573       1.01612       1.69547         0.45       1.41071       1.09339       1.81484         0.50       1.48862       1.17007       1.94897         0.55       1.57083       1.24685       2.101	Probability	ENERGY	95	Percent Fiducia	al Limits Upper
0.03       0.66585       0.31380       0.90631         0.04       0.70396       0.34745       0.94531         0.05       0.73656       0.37731       0.97870         0.06       0.76549       0.40458       1.00841         0.07       0.79180       0.42998       1.03553         0.08       0.81612       0.45395       1.06072         0.09       0.83888       0.47678       1.08443         0.10       0.86040       0.49870       1.10699         0.15       0.95552       0.59894       1.20901         0.20       1.03855       0.68978       1.30239         0.25       1.11552       0.77539       1.39403         0.30       1.18949       0.85769       1.48802         0.35       1.26241       0.93772       1.58753         0.40       1.33573       1.01612       1.69547         0.45       1.41071       1.09339       1.81484         0.50       1.48862       1.17007       1.94897         0.55       1.57083       1.24685       2.10188         0.60       1.65902       1.32466       2.27874         0.65       1.75537       1.40482       2.486	0.01	0.55030			0.78722
0.04       0.70396       0.34745       0.94531         0.05       0.73656       0.37731       0.97870         0.06       0.76549       0.40458       1.00841         0.07       0.79180       0.42998       1.03553         0.08       0.81612       0.45395       1.06072         0.09       0.83888       0.47678       1.08443         0.10       0.86040       0.49870       1.10699         0.15       0.95552       0.59894       1.20901         0.20       1.03855       0.68978       1.30239         0.25       1.11552       0.77539       1.39403         0.30       1.18949       0.85769       1.48802         0.35       1.26241       0.93772       1.58753         0.40       1.33573       1.01612       1.69547         0.45       1.41071       1.09339       1.81484         0.50       1.48862       1.17007       1.94897         0.55       1.57083       1.24685       2.10188         0.60       1.65902       1.32466       2.27874         0.65       1.75537       1.40482       2.48667         0.70       1.86297       1.48917       2.736	0.02	0.61836		0.27384	
0.05       0.73656       0.37731       0.97870         0.06       0.76549       0.40458       1.00841         0.07       0.79180       0.42998       1.03553         0.08       0.81612       0.45395       1.06072         0.09       0.83888       0.47678       1.08443         0.10       0.86040       0.49870       1.10699         0.15       0.95552       0.59894       1.20901         0.20       1.03855       0.68978       1.30239         0.25       1.11552       0.77539       1.39403         0.30       1.18949       0.85769       1.48802         0.35       1.26241       0.93772       1.58753         0.40       1.33573       1.01612       1.69547         0.45       1.41071       1.09339       1.81484         0.50       1.48862       1.17007       1.94897         0.55       1.57083       1.24685       2.10188         0.60       1.65902       1.32466       2.27874         0.65       1.75537       1.40482       2.48667         0.70       1.86297       1.48917       2.73622         0.75       1.98651       1.58045       3.044					
0.06       0.76549       0.40458       1.00841         0.07       0.79180       0.42998       1.03553         0.08       0.81612       0.45395       1.06072         0.09       0.83888       0.47678       1.08443         0.10       0.86040       0.49870       1.10699         0.15       0.95552       0.59894       1.20901         0.20       1.03855       0.68978       1.30239         0.25       1.11552       0.77539       1.39403         0.30       1.18949       0.85769       1.48802         0.35       1.26241       0.93772       1.58753         0.40       1.33573       1.01612       1.69547         0.45       1.41071       1.09339       1.81484         0.50       1.48862       1.17007       1.94897         0.55       1.57083       1.24685       2.10188         0.60       1.65902       1.32466       2.27874         0.65       1.75537       1.40482       2.48667         0.70       1.86297       1.48917       2.73622         0.75       1.98651       1.58045       3.04411         0.80       2.13373       1.68306       3.439				0.34745	
0.07       0.79180       0.42998       1.03553         0.08       0.81612       0.45395       1.06072         0.09       0.83888       0.47678       1.08443         0.10       0.86040       0.49870       1.10699         0.15       0.95552       0.59894       1.20901         0.20       1.03855       0.68978       1.30239         0.25       1.11552       0.77539       1.39403         0.30       1.18949       0.85769       1.48802         0.35       1.26241       0.93772       1.58753         0.40       1.33573       1.01612       1.69547         0.45       1.41071       1.09339       1.81484         0.50       1.48862       1.17007       1.94897         0.55       1.57083       1.24685       2.10188         0.60       1.65902       1.32466       2.27874         0.65       1.75537       1.40482       2.48667         0.70       1.86297       1.48917       2.73622         0.75       1.98651       1.58045       3.04411         0.80       2.13373       1.68306       3.43938         0.85       2.31916       1.80492       3.978					
0.08       0.81612       0.45395       1.06072         0.09       0.83888       0.47678       1.08443         0.10       0.86040       0.49870       1.10699         0.15       0.95552       0.59894       1.20901         0.20       1.03855       0.68978       1.30239         0.25       1.11552       0.77539       1.39403         0.30       1.18949       0.85769       1.48802         0.35       1.26241       0.93772       1.58753         0.40       1.33573       1.01612       1.69547         0.45       1.41071       1.09339       1.81484         0.50       1.48862       1.17007       1.94897         0.55       1.57083       1.24685       2.10188         0.60       1.65902       1.32466       2.27874         0.65       1.75537       1.40482       2.48667         0.70       1.86297       1.48917       2.73622         0.75       1.98651       1.58045       3.04411         0.80       2.13373       1.68306       3.43938         0.85       2.31916       1.80492       3.97894         0.90       2.57554       1.96331       4.798					
0.09       0.83888       0.47678       1.08443         0.10       0.86040       0.49870       1.10699         0.15       0.95552       0.59894       1.20901         0.20       1.03855       0.68978       1.30239         0.25       1.11552       0.77539       1.39403         0.30       1.18949       0.85769       1.48802         0.35       1.26241       0.93772       1.58753         0.40       1.33573       1.01612       1.69547         0.45       1.41071       1.09339       1.81484         0.50       1.48862       1.17007       1.94897         0.55       1.57083       1.24685       2.10188         0.60       1.65902       1.32466       2.27874         0.65       1.75537       1.40482       2.48667         0.70       1.86297       1.48917       2.73622         0.75       1.98651       1.58045       3.04411         0.80       2.13373       1.68306       3.43938         0.85       2.31916       1.80492       3.97894         0.90       2.57554       1.96331       4.79805         0.91       2.64160       2.00261       5.022					
0.10       0.86040       0.49870       1.10699         0.15       0.95552       0.59894       1.20901         0.20       1.03855       0.68978       1.30239         0.25       1.11552       0.77539       1.39403         0.30       1.18949       0.85769       1.48802         0.35       1.26241       0.93772       1.58753         0.40       1.33573       1.01612       1.69547         0.45       1.41071       1.09339       1.81484         0.50       1.48862       1.17007       1.94897         0.55       1.57083       1.24685       2.10188         0.60       1.65902       1.32466       2.27874         0.65       1.75537       1.40482       2.48667         0.70       1.86297       1.48917       2.73622         0.75       1.98651       1.58045       3.04411         0.80       2.13373       1.68306       3.43938         0.85       2.31916       1.80492       3.97894         0.90       2.57554       1.96331       4.79805         0.91       2.64160       2.00261       5.02245         0.92       2.71529       2.04582       5.279					
0.15       0.95552       0.59894       1.20901         0.20       1.03855       0.68978       1.30239         0.25       1.11552       0.77539       1.39403         0.30       1.18949       0.85769       1.48802         0.35       1.26241       0.93772       1.58753         0.40       1.33573       1.01612       1.69547         0.45       1.41071       1.09339       1.81484         0.50       1.48862       1.17007       1.94897         0.55       1.57083       1.24685       2.10188         0.60       1.65902       1.32466       2.27874         0.65       1.75537       1.40482       2.48667         0.70       1.86297       1.48917       2.73622         0.75       1.98651       1.58045       3.04411         0.80       2.13373       1.68306       3.43938         0.85       2.31916       1.80492       3.97894         0.90       2.57554       1.96331       4.79805         0.91       2.64160       2.00261       5.02245         0.92       2.71529       2.04582       5.27911         0.93       2.79868       2.09399       5.577					
0.20       1.03855       0.68978       1.30239         0.25       1.11552       0.77539       1.39403         0.30       1.18949       0.85769       1.48802         0.35       1.26241       0.93772       1.58753         0.40       1.33573       1.01612       1.69547         0.45       1.41071       1.09339       1.81484         0.50       1.48862       1.17007       1.94897         0.55       1.57083       1.24685       2.10188         0.60       1.65902       1.32466       2.27874         0.65       1.75537       1.40482       2.48667         0.70       1.86297       1.48917       2.73622         0.75       1.98651       1.58045       3.04411         0.80       2.13373       1.68306       3.43938         0.85       2.31916       1.80492       3.97894         0.90       2.57554       1.96331       4.79805         0.91       2.64160       2.00261       5.02245         0.92       2.71529       2.04582       5.27911         0.93       2.79868       2.09399       5.57760         0.94       2.89486       2.14866       5.932					
0.25       1.11552       0.77539       1.39403         0.30       1.18949       0.85769       1.48802         0.35       1.26241       0.93772       1.58753         0.40       1.33573       1.01612       1.69547         0.45       1.41071       1.09339       1.81484         0.50       1.48862       1.17007       1.94897         0.55       1.57083       1.24685       2.10188         0.60       1.65902       1.32466       2.27874         0.65       1.75537       1.40482       2.48667         0.70       1.86297       1.48917       2.73622         0.75       1.98651       1.58045       3.04411         0.80       2.13373       1.68306       3.43938         0.85       2.31916       1.80492       3.97894         0.90       2.57554       1.96331       4.79805         0.91       2.64160       2.00261       5.02245         0.92       2.71529       2.04582       5.27911         0.93       2.79868       2.09399       5.57760         0.94       2.89486       2.14866       5.93228         0.95       3.00858       2.21218       6.366					
0.30       1.18949       0.85769       1.48802         0.35       1.26241       0.93772       1.58753         0.40       1.33573       1.01612       1.69547         0.45       1.41071       1.09339       1.81484         0.50       1.48862       1.17007       1.94897         0.55       1.57083       1.24685       2.10188         0.60       1.65902       1.32466       2.27874         0.65       1.75537       1.40482       2.48667         0.70       1.86297       1.48917       2.73622         0.75       1.98651       1.58045       3.04411         0.80       2.13373       1.68306       3.43938         0.85       2.31916       1.80492       3.97894         0.90       2.57554       1.96331       4.79805         0.91       2.64160       2.00261       5.02245         0.92       2.71529       2.04582       5.27911         0.93       2.79868       2.09399       5.57760         0.94       2.89486       2.14866       5.93228         0.95       3.00858       2.21218       6.36606         0.96       3.14792       2.28849       6.918					
0.35       1.26241       0.93772       1.58753         0.40       1.33573       1.01612       1.69547         0.45       1.41071       1.09339       1.81484         0.50       1.48862       1.17007       1.94897         0.55       1.57083       1.24685       2.10188         0.60       1.65902       1.32466       2.27874         0.65       1.75537       1.40482       2.48667         0.70       1.86297       1.48917       2.73622         0.75       1.98651       1.58045       3.04411         0.80       2.13373       1.68306       3.43938         0.85       2.31916       1.80492       3.97894         0.90       2.57554       1.96331       4.79805         0.91       2.64160       2.00261       5.02245         0.92       2.71529       2.04582       5.27911         0.93       2.79868       2.09399       5.57760         0.94       2.89486       2.14866       5.93228         0.95       3.00858       2.21218       6.36606         0.96       3.14792       2.28849       6.91854         0.97       3.32809       2.38497       7.666					
0.40       1.33573       1.01612       1.69547         0.45       1.41071       1.09339       1.81484         0.50       1.48862       1.17007       1.94897         0.55       1.57083       1.24685       2.10188         0.60       1.65902       1.32466       2.27874         0.65       1.75537       1.40482       2.48667         0.70       1.86297       1.48917       2.73622         0.75       1.98651       1.58045       3.04411         0.80       2.13373       1.68306       3.43938         0.85       2.31916       1.80492       3.97894         0.90       2.57554       1.96331       4.79805         0.91       2.64160       2.00261       5.02245         0.92       2.71529       2.04582       5.27911         0.93       2.79868       2.09399       5.57760         0.94       2.89486       2.14866       5.93228         0.95       3.00858       2.21218       6.36606         0.96       3.14792       2.28849       6.91854         0.97       3.32809       2.38497       7.66696         0.98       3.58365       2.51808       8.793					
0.45       1.41071       1.09339       1.81484         0.50       1.48862       1.17007       1.94897         0.55       1.57083       1.24685       2.10188         0.60       1.65902       1.32466       2.27874         0.65       1.75537       1.40482       2.48667         0.70       1.86297       1.48917       2.73622         0.75       1.98651       1.58045       3.04411         0.80       2.13373       1.68306       3.43938         0.85       2.31916       1.80492       3.97894         0.90       2.57554       1.96331       4.79805         0.91       2.64160       2.00261       5.02245         0.92       2.71529       2.04582       5.27911         0.93       2.79868       2.09399       5.57760         0.94       2.89486       2.14866       5.93228         0.95       3.00858       2.21218       6.36606         0.96       3.14792       2.28849       6.91854         0.97       3.32809       2.38497       7.66696         0.98       3.58365       2.51808       8.79376					
0.50       1.48862       1.17007       1.94897         0.55       1.57083       1.24685       2.10188         0.60       1.65902       1.32466       2.27874         0.65       1.75537       1.40482       2.48667         0.70       1.86297       1.48917       2.73622         0.75       1.98651       1.58045       3.04411         0.80       2.13373       1.68306       3.43938         0.85       2.31916       1.80492       3.97894         0.90       2.57554       1.96331       4.79805         0.91       2.64160       2.00261       5.02245         0.92       2.71529       2.04582       5.27911         0.93       2.79868       2.09399       5.57760         0.94       2.89486       2.14866       5.93228         0.95       3.00858       2.21218       6.36606         0.96       3.14792       2.28849       6.91854         0.97       3.32809       2.38497       7.66696         0.98       3.58365       2.51808       8.79376					
0.55       1.57083       1.24685       2.10188         0.60       1.65902       1.32466       2.27874         0.65       1.75537       1.40482       2.48667         0.70       1.86297       1.48917       2.73622         0.75       1.98651       1.58045       3.04411         0.80       2.13373       1.68306       3.43938         0.85       2.31916       1.80492       3.97894         0.90       2.57554       1.96331       4.79805         0.91       2.64160       2.00261       5.02245         0.92       2.71529       2.04582       5.27911         0.93       2.79868       2.09399       5.57760         0.94       2.89486       2.14866       5.93228         0.95       3.00858       2.21218       6.36606         0.96       3.14792       2.28849       6.91854         0.97       3.32809       2.38497       7.66696         0.98       3.58365       2.51808       8.79376					
0.60       1.65902       1.32466       2.27874         0.65       1.75537       1.40482       2.48667         0.70       1.86297       1.48917       2.73622         0.75       1.98651       1.58045       3.04411         0.80       2.13373       1.68306       3.43938         0.85       2.31916       1.80492       3.97894         0.90       2.57554       1.96331       4.79805         0.91       2.64160       2.00261       5.02245         0.92       2.71529       2.04582       5.27911         0.93       2.79868       2.09399       5.57760         0.94       2.89486       2.14866       5.93228         0.95       3.00858       2.21218       6.36606         0.96       3.14792       2.28849       6.91854         0.97       3.32809       2.38497       7.66696         0.98       3.58365       2.51808       8.79376					
0.65       1.75537       1.40482       2.48667         0.70       1.86297       1.48917       2.73622         0.75       1.98651       1.58045       3.04411         0.80       2.13373       1.68306       3.43938         0.85       2.31916       1.80492       3.97894         0.90       2.57554       1.96331       4.79805         0.91       2.64160       2.00261       5.02245         0.92       2.71529       2.04582       5.27911         0.93       2.79868       2.09399       5.57760         0.94       2.89486       2.14866       5.93228         0.95       3.00858       2.21218       6.36606         0.96       3.14792       2.28849       6.91854         0.97       3.32809       2.38497       7.66696         0.98       3.58365       2.51808       8.79376					
0.70       1.86297       1.48917       2.73622         0.75       1.98651       1.58045       3.04411         0.80       2.13373       1.68306       3.43938         0.85       2.31916       1.80492       3.97894         0.90       2.57554       1.96331       4.79805         0.91       2.64160       2.00261       5.02245         0.92       2.71529       2.04582       5.27911         0.93       2.79868       2.09399       5.57760         0.94       2.89486       2.14866       5.93228         0.95       3.00858       2.21218       6.36606         0.96       3.14792       2.28849       6.91854         0.97       3.32809       2.38497       7.66696         0.98       3.58365       2.51808       8.79376	0.60				
0.75       1.98651       1.58045       3.04411         0.80       2.13373       1.68306       3.43938         0.85       2.31916       1.80492       3.97894         0.90       2.57554       1.96331       4.79805         0.91       2.64160       2.00261       5.02245         0.92       2.71529       2.04582       5.27911         0.93       2.79868       2.09399       5.57760         0.94       2.89486       2.14866       5.93228         0.95       3.00858       2.21218       6.36606         0.96       3.14792       2.28849       6.91854         0.97       3.32809       2.38497       7.66696         0.98       3.58365       2.51808       8.79376	0.65				
0.80       2.13373       1.68306       3.43938         0.85       2.31916       1.80492       3.97894         0.90       2.57554       1.96331       4.79805         0.91       2.64160       2.00261       5.02245         0.92       2.71529       2.04582       5.27911         0.93       2.79868       2.09399       5.57760         0.94       2.89486       2.14866       5.93228         0.95       3.00858       2.21218       6.36606         0.96       3.14792       2.28849       6.91854         0.97       3.32809       2.38497       7.66696         0.98       3.58365       2.51808       8.79376					
0.85       2.31916       1.80492       3.97894         0.90       2.57554       1.96331       4.79805         0.91       2.64160       2.00261       5.02245         0.92       2.71529       2.04582       5.27911         0.93       2.79868       2.09399       5.57760         0.94       2.89486       2.14866       5.93228         0.95       3.00858       2.21218       6.36606         0.96       3.14792       2.28849       6.91854         0.97       3.32809       2.38497       7.66696         0.98       3.58365       2.51808       8.79376					
0.90       2.57554       1.96331       4.79805         0.91       2.64160       2.00261       5.02245         0.92       2.71529       2.04582       5.27911         0.93       2.79868       2.09399       5.57760         0.94       2.89486       2.14866       5.93228         0.95       3.00858       2.21218       6.36606         0.96       3.14792       2.28849       6.91854         0.97       3.32809       2.38497       7.66696         0.98       3.58365       2.51808       8.79376					
0.91       2.64160       2.00261       5.02245         0.92       2.71529       2.04582       5.27911         0.93       2.79868       2.09399       5.57760         0.94       2.89486       2.14866       5.93228         0.95       3.00858       2.21218       6.36606         0.96       3.14792       2.28849       6.91854         0.97       3.32809       2.38497       7.66696         0.98       3.58365       2.51808       8.79376					
0.92       2.71529       2.04582       5.27911         0.93       2.79868       2.09399       5.57760         0.94       2.89486       2.14866       5.93228         0.95       3.00858       2.21218       6.36606         0.96       3.14792       2.28849       6.91854         0.97       3.32809       2.38497       7.66696         0.98       3.58365       2.51808       8.79376					
0.93       2.79868       2.09399       5.57760         0.94       2.89486       2.14866       5.93228         0.95       3.00858       2.21218       6.36606         0.96       3.14792       2.28849       6.91854         0.97       3.32809       2.38497       7.66696         0.98       3.58365       2.51808       8.79376					
0.94       2.89486       2.14866       5.93228         0.95       3.00858       2.21218       6.36606         0.96       3.14792       2.28849       6.91854         0.97       3.32809       2.38497       7.66696         0.98       3.58365       2.51808       8.79376					
0.95       3.00858       2.21218       6.36606         0.96       3.14792       2.28849       6.91854         0.97       3.32809       2.38497       7.66696         0.98       3.58365       2.51808       8.79376					
0.96       3.14792       2.28849       6.91854         0.97       3.32809       2.38497       7.66696         0.98       3.58365       2.51808       8.79376					
0.97     3.32809     2.38497     7.66696       0.98     3.58365     2.51808     8.79376					
0.98 3.58365 2.51808 8.79376					
	0.99	4.02688		2.74019	10.92701



277 08:07 Thursday, September 1, 1994

OBS	ENERGY	MVL			
1	0.03	0	OBS	ENERGY	MVL
23456789012345678901223456789012333333344444445555555555661	0.03 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01	000000000000000000010011111110101111111	62 63 64 65 66 67 68	4.23 4.88 5.31 5.47 5.86 9.50 11.40	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Class Levels Values
MVL 2 1 0

m3ps1h.dat

08:07 Thursday, September 1, 1994

62

### Probit Procedure

Data Set

=WORK.INDATA

Dependent Variable=MVL

Weighted Frequency Counts for the Ordered Response Categories

Level Count 1 46 0 22

Log Likelihood for NORMAL -20.05167322

### Goodness-of-Fit Tests

Statistic	Value	DF	Prob>Chi-Sq	
Pearson Chi-Square	48.3257	60	0.8604	
L.R. Chi-Square	34.5582	60	0.9966	

Response Levels: 2 Number of Covariate Values:

NOTE: Since the chi-square is small (p > 0.1000), fiducial limits will be calculated using a t value of 1.96.

> Variable DF Estimate Std Err ChiSquare Pr>Chi Label/Value

1 0.57647516 0.223289 6.665385 0.0098 Intercept INTERCPT Log10(ENE) 1 3.40901749 0.843318 16.34087 0.0001

### Estimated Covariance Matrix

	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	0.049858	0.004998
Log10 (ENERG)	0.004998	0.711186

### Estimated Correlation Matrix

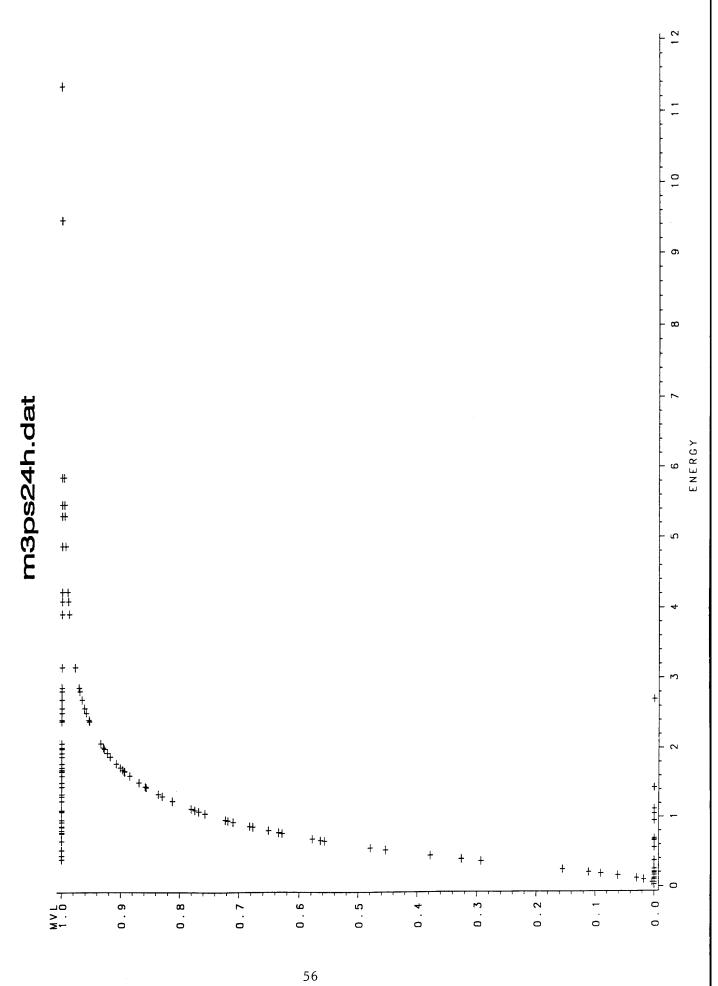
	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	1.000000	0.026542
Log10(ENERG)	0.026542	1.000000

### Probit Model in Terms of Tolerance Distribution

MU SIGMA -0.1691 0.29334

	MÙ	SIGMA
MU	0.005895	-0.002909
SIGMA	-0.002909	0.005266

Probability	ENERGY	95 Percent Fiduo Lower	cial Limits Upper
0.01 0.02 0.03 0.04 0.05 0.06 0.07 0.08 0.09 0.10 0.15 0.20 0.25 0.30 0.35 0.40 0.45 0.50 0.55 0.60 0.65 0.70 0.75 0.80 0.91 0.92 0.93	0.14076 0.16922 0.19019 0.20766 0.22305 0.23704 0.25003 0.26226 0.27391 0.28508 0.33641 0.38372 0.42958 0.47541 0.52224 0.57093 0.62235 0.67748 0.73749 0.80392 0.87887 0.96544 1.06844 1.19613 1.36434 1.61000 1.67569 1.75009 1.83571	Lower  0.02157 0.03070 0.03838 0.04539 0.05202 0.05840 0.06463 0.07076 0.07683 0.08286 0.11317 0.14469 0.17830 0.21465 0.25434 0.29799 0.34627 0.39991 0.45967 0.52640 0.60098 0.68448 0.77852 0.88628 1.01490 1.18246 1.22423 1.27031 1.32191	Upper 0.27796 0.31610 0.34313 0.36510 0.38408 0.40109 0.41669 0.43123 0.44495 0.45801 0.51701 0.57043 0.62185 0.67334 0.72648 0.78280 0.84405 0.91245 0.99106 1.08435 1.19907 1.34592 1.54251 1.82019 2.24223 2.96704 3.18167 3.43509 3.74012
0.94 0.95 0.96 0.97 0.98 0.99	1.93630 2.05777 2.21026 2.41328 2.71233 3.26067	1.38082 1.44980 1.53353 1.64088 1.79196 2.05225	4.11653 4.59675 5.23887 6.16092 7.65685 10.82003



OBS	ENERGY	MVL	OBS	ENERGY	MV
1234567890112111111112222222222333333333444444445555555555	0.03 0.03 0.03 0.06 0.10 0.11 0.12 0.12 0.12 0.13 1.12 1.23 1.33 1.44 1.50 1.66 1.67 1.78 1.88 1.99 1.01 1.66 1.67 1.66 1.67 1.78 1.88 1.99 1.01 1.01 1.01 1.01 1.01 1.01 1.01	000000000011100100111111101011111111111	62 63 64 65 66 67 68	4.23 4.88 5.31 5.47 5.86 9.50 11.40	

Class	Levels	Values
MVL	2	1 0

m3ps24h.dat

14:28 Thursday, September 1, 1994

### Probit Procedure

Data Set = WORK.INDATA
Dependent Variable=MVL

Weighted Frequency Counts for the Ordered Response Categories

Level Count 1 47 0 21

Log Likelihood for NORMAL -22.6459858

### Goodness-of-Fit Tests

Statistic	Value	DF	Prob>Chi-Sq
Pearson Chi-Square	44.3226	60	0.9353
L.R. Chi-Square	39.7468	60	0.9797

Response Levels: 2 Number of Covariate Values: 62

NOTE: Since the chi-square is small (p > 0.1000), fiducial limits will be calculated using a t value of 1.96.

Variable DF Estimate Std Err ChiSquare Pr>Chi Label/Value

INTERCPT 1 0.6391902 0.211532 9.130757 0.0025 Intercept Log10(ENE) 1 2.7440567 0.67582 16.48634 0.0001

### Estimated Covariance Matrix

	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	0.044746	0.011864
Log10(ENERG)	0.011864	0.456732

### Estimated Correlation Matrix

	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	1.000000	0.082991
Log10(ENERG)	0.082991	1.000000

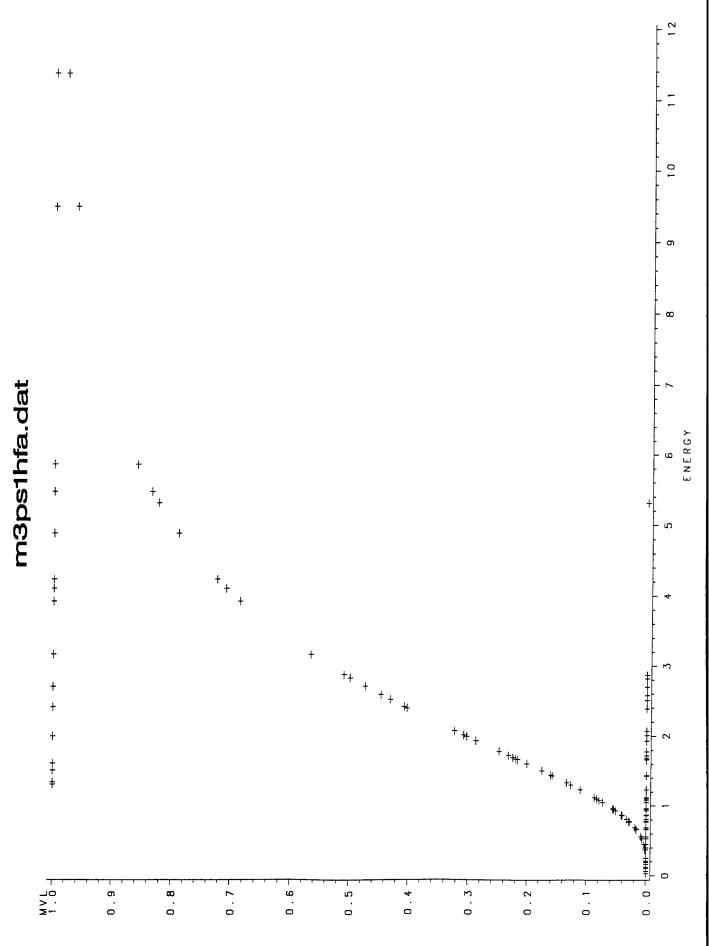
Probit Model in Terms of Tolerance Distribution

MU SIGMA -0.23294 0.364424

MU	SIGMA
0.008500 -0.004575	-0.004575 0.008055

### m3ps24h.dat

Probability	ENERGY	95 Percent Fiduc	
		Lower	Upper
0.01	0.08304	0.00819	0.19256
0.02	0.10438	0.01268	0.22582
0.03	0.12069	0.01233	0.24998
0.04	0.13461	0.02058	0.26993
0.05	0.14711	0.02437	0.28741
0.06	0.15866	0.02813	0.30323
0.07	0.16953	0.03189	0.31788
0.08	0.17990	0.03569	0.33164
0.09	0.18987	0.03952	0.34472
0.10	0.19954	0.04341	0.35726
0.15	0.24511	0.06391	0.41485
0.20	0.28864	0.08672	0.46823
0.25	0.33210	0.11244	0.52061
0.30	0.37667	0.14164	0.57395
0.35	0.42330	0.17497	0.62986
0.40	0.47287	0.21320	0.68999
0.45	0.52634	0.25719	0.75633
0.50	0.58488	0.30796	0.83154
0.55	0.64992	0.36667	0.91942
0.60	0.72342	0.43462	1.02569
0.65	0.80813	0.51323	1.15937
0.70	0.90817	0.60413	1.33527
0.75	1.03006	0.70959	1.57878
0.80	1.18514	0.83377	1.93689
0.85	1.39561	0.98603	2.50834
0.90	1.71432	1.19048	3.55210
0.91	1.80164	1.24249	3.87413
0.92	1.90154	1.30034	4.26115
0.93 0.94	2.01780	1.36571	4.73619
0.95	2.15606	1.44106	5.33532
0.96	2.32535 2.54130	1.53028 1.63997	6.11890 7.19748
0.96	2.83446	1.78271	8.80184
0.98	3.27717	1.78271	11.52677
0.99	4.11946	2.35016	17.69933
0.55	4.11340	2.33010	11.09933



			•		
OBS	ENERGY	MVL	OBS	ENERGY	MVL
123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901	0.03 0.03 0.00 0.10 0.11 0.12 0.12 0.11 0.12 0.12	00000000000000000000000000000000011001100010000	62 63 64 65 66 67	4.88 5.31 5.47 5.86 9.50 11.40	1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1

Class	Levels	Values
MVT	2	1 0

m3ps1hfa.dat

294 08:07 Thursday, September 1, 1994

Probit Procedure

Data Set

=WORK.INDATA

Dependent Variable=MVL

Weighted Frequency Counts for the Ordered Response Categories

Count Level 16 1 0 51

Log Likelihood for NORMAL -21.94752531

#### Goodness-of-Fit Tests

Statistic	Value	$\mathtt{DF}$	Prob>Chi-Sq
Pearson Chi-Square L.R. Chi-Square	42.0173 41.1225	59 59	0.9537 0.9630

Response Levels: 2 Number of Covariate Values: 61

NOTE: Since the chi-square is small (p > 0.1000), fiducial limits will be calculated using a t value of 1.96.

> Variable DF Estimate Std Err ChiSquare Pr>Chi Label/Value

INTERCPT 1 -1.5297519 0.358923 18.16515 0.0001 Intercept

Log10(ENE) 1 3.39259641 0.902304 14.13706 0.0002

### Estimated Covariance Matrix

	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	0.128826	-0.258805
Log10(ENERG)	-0.258805	0.814152

### Estimated Correlation Matrix

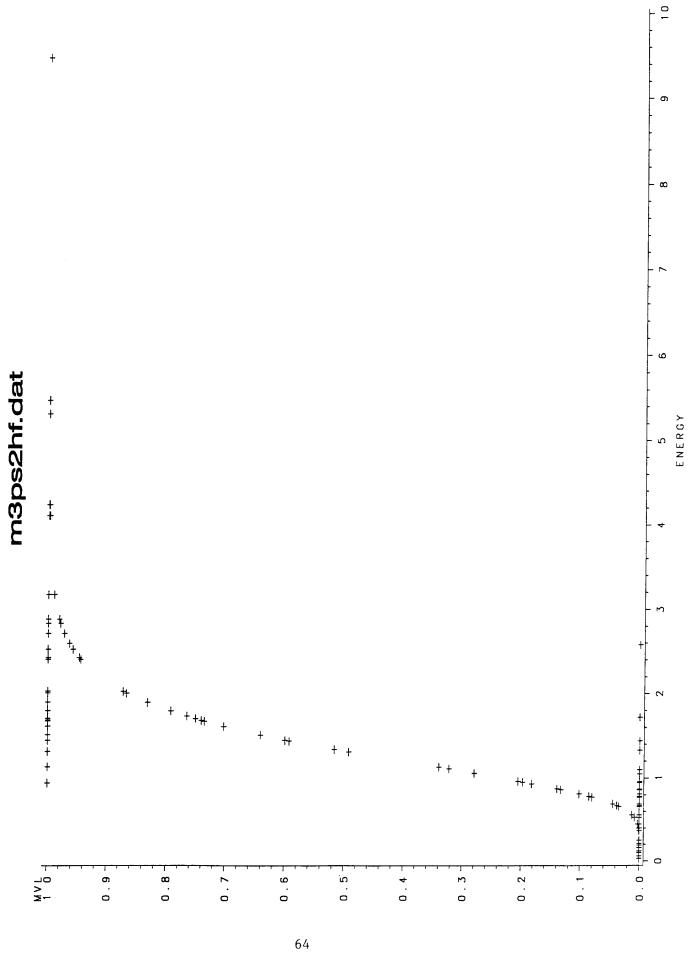
	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	1.000000	-0.799131
Log10(ENERG)	-0.799131	1.000000

### Probit Model in Terms of Tolerance Distribution

MU SIGMA 0.450909 0.294759

	MU	SIGMA
MU	0.005297	0.002774
SIGMA	0.002774	0.006146

Probability	ENERGY	95	Percent Fiduo	
			Lower	Upper
0.01	0.58237		0.13717	0.95650
0.02	0.70072		0.19999	1.09045
0.03	0.78800		0.25362	1.18692
0.04	0.86075		0.30292	1.26650
0.05	0.92485		0.34968	1.33636
0.06	0.98316		0.39483	1.39994
0.07	1.03730		0.43888	1.45918
0.08	1.08831		0.48216	1.51534
0.09	1.13686		0.52489	1.56926
0.10	1.18348		0.56723	1.62155
0.15	1.39769		0.77589	1.87202
0.20	1.59527		0.98224	2.12614
0.25	1.78689		1.18597	2.40450
0.30	1.97850		1.38488	2.72384
0.35	2.17436		1.57708	3.09973
0.40	2.37811		1.76229	3.54758
0.45	2.59340		1.94205	4.08423
0.50	2.82429		2.11923	4.73057
0.55	3.07573		2.29752	5.51511
0.60	3.35417		2.48120	6.47906
0.65	3.66848		2.67536	7.68461
0.70	4.03163		2.88651	9.23029
0.75	4.46397		3.12386	11.28216
0.80	5.00017		3.40211	14.14578
0.85	5.70699		3.74816	18.46100
0.90	6.73998		4.22216 4.34381	25.87970 28.08974
0.91	7.01632		4.47936	30.70905
0.92 0.93	7.32938 7.68975		4.63263	33.87673
0.94	8.11322		4.80924	37.80835
0.94	8.62472		5.01798	42.86022
0.96	9.26702		5.27364	49.67555
0.90	10.12257		5.60425	59.57394
0.98	11.38337		6.07351	75.88220
0.99	13.69689		6.88876	111.19984
0.22				



OBS	ENERGY	MVL
123456789012345678901222222222222333333333334445678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789	0.03 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01	0000000000000000000000000100001101011111

Class	Levels	Values
MVL	2	1 0

Number of observations used = 59

m3ps2hf.dat

14:28 Thursday, September 1, 1994

#### Probit Procedure

Data Set =WORK.INDATA
Dependent Variable=MVL

Weighted Frequency Counts for the Ordered Response Categories

Level Count 1 27 0 32

Log Likelihood for NORMAL -15.09910172

#### Goodness-of-Fit Tests

Value	DF	Prob>Chi-Sq
46.0333	52	0.7064
30.1982	52	0.9933
	46.0333	46.0333 52

Response Levels: 2 Number of Covariate Values: 54

NOTE: Since the chi-square is small (p > 0.1000), fiducial limits will be calculated using a t value of 1.96.

Variable DF Estimate Std Err ChiSquare Pr>Chi Label/Value INTERCPT 1 -0.7143053 0.3377 4.474109 0.0344 Intercept

Log10(ENE) 1 6.10424247 1.52533 16.01534 0.0001

#### Estimated Covariance Matrix

	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT Log10(ENERG)	0.114041 -0.333413	-0.333413 2.326630

#### Estimated Correlation Matrix

	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	1.000000	-0.647274
Log10(ENERG)	-0.647274	1.000000

Probit Model in Terms of Tolerance Distribution

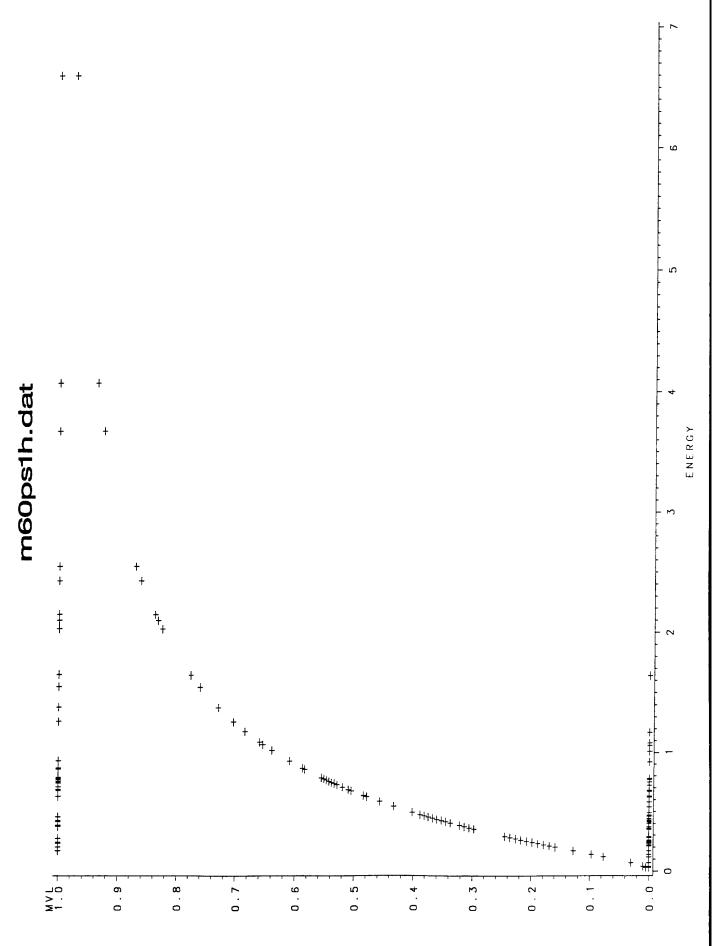
MU SIGMA 0.117018 0.16382

	MU	SIGMA
MU	0.001821	-0.000269
SIGMA	-0.000269	0.001676

# Probit Procedure

Probit Analysis on ENERGY

#### Probability ENERGY 95 Percent Fiducial Limits Upper Lower 0.76991 0.01 0.54440 0.21295 0.82854 0.02 0.60335 0.25936 0.03 0.29376 0.86851 0.64403 0.90014 0.04 0.67642 0.32250 0.05 0.92697 0.70397 0.34785 0.06 0.37092 0.95062 0.72831 0.07 0.39233 0.97204 0.75033 0.08 0.41248 0.99178 0.77062 0.78954 0.09 0.43164 1.01023 0.10 0.80737 0.45000 1.02765 0.15 0.88558 0.53383 1.10485 0.20 0.60996 1.17322 0.95311 0.25 0.68222 1.23822 1.01513 0.30 0.75247 1.30294 1.07426 0.35 0.82177 1.36966 1.13213 0.40 1.18991 0.89073 1.44046 0.45 0.95972 1.24862 1.51753 0.50 1.30924 1.02901 1.60334 0.55 1.09884 1.70089 1.37279 0.60 1.16955 1.81397 1.44053 0.65 1.51405 1.24176 1.94757 0.70 1.59561 1.31659 2.10877 0.75 1.39591 2.30843 1.68855 0.80 1.79843 1.48294 2.56501 0.85 1.58368 2.91418 1.93556 0.90 1.71117 3.43989 2.12306 0.91 2.17101 1.74231 3.58286 0.92 1.77637 3.74581 2.22432 0.93 1.81411 3.93456 2.28446 0.94 1.85669 4.15783 2.35354 1.90584 0.95 2.43489 4.42941 0.96 1.96449 4.77308 2.53406 0.97 2.66152 2.03808 5.23490 0.98 2.84095 2.13871 5.92281 2.30461 7.20413 0.99 3.14863



19 14:28 Thursday, September 1, 1994

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OBS	ENERGY	MVL	OBS	ENERGY	MVL
1234567890123456789012322222222233333333334444444445555555555	0.03 0.04 0.07 0.12 0.11 0.11 0.12 0.12 0.22 0.22 0.22	000000010100000101000001000000110100100	62 63 64 66 66 67 68 67 77 77 77 77 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88	0.76 0.77 0.77 0.78 0.85 0.86 0.92 1.01 1.06 1.08 1.17 1.54 1.64 2.09 2.14 2.57 4.60	10111011010000111011111111111

Class Levels Values
MVL 2 1 0

m60ps1h.dat

14:28 Thursday, September 1, 1994

Probit Procedure

Data Set =WORK.INDATA

Dependent Variable=MVL

Weighted Frequency Counts for the Ordered Response Categories

Level Count 1 38 0 50

Log Likelihood for NORMAL -49.10440091

#### Goodness-of-Fit Tests

Statistic		Value	DF	Prob>Chi-Sq
	Chi-Square Chi-Square	46.3840 56.6200	60 60	0.9014 0.6000

Response Levels: 2 Number of Covariate Values: 62

NOTE: Since the chi-square is small (p > 0.1000), fiducial limits will be calculated using a t value of 1.96.

Variable DF Estimate Std Err ChiSquare Pr>Chi Label/Value

INTERCPT 1 0.34731348 0.192389 3.25899 0.0710 Intercept Log10(ENE) 1 1.92828983 0.472565 16.65029 0.0001

#### Estimated Covariance Matrix

	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	0.037014	0.058895
Log10 (ENERG)	0.058895	0.223317

#### Estimated Correlation Matrix

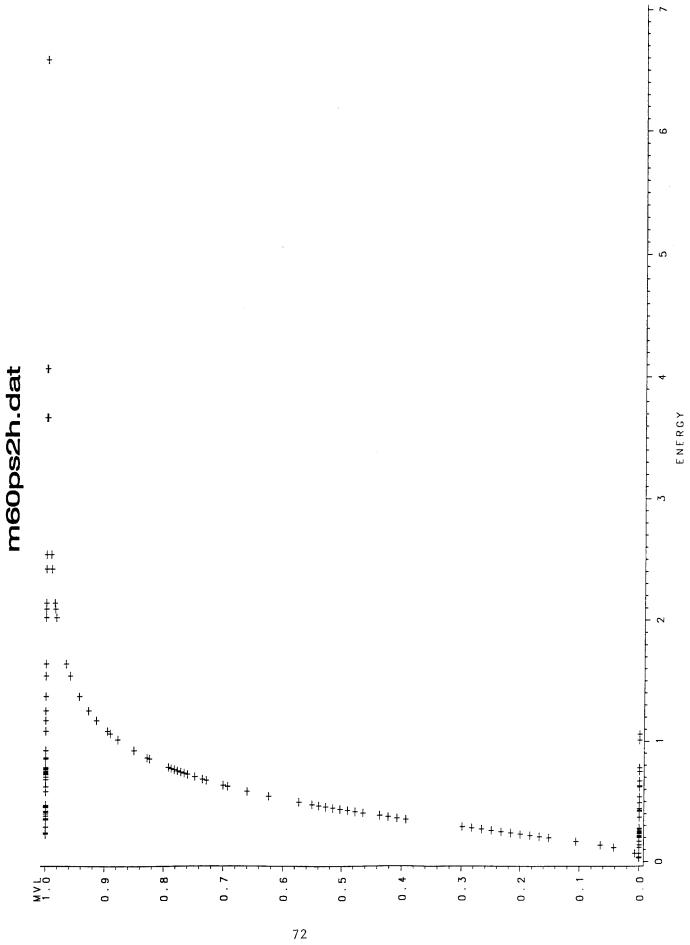
	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	1.000000	0.647794
Log10(ENERG)	0.647794	1.000000

Probit Model in Terms of Tolerance Distribution

MU SIGMA -0.18011 0.518594

	MÜ	SIGMA
MU	0.006197	0.002604
SIGMA	0.002604	0.016152

Probability	ENERGY 95	Percent Fiduc Lower	ial Limits Upper
0.01 0.02 0.03 0.04 0.05 0.06 0.07 0.08 0.09 0.10 0.15 0.20 0.25 0.30 0.35 0.40 0.45 0.50 0.55 0.60 0.65 0.70 0.75 0.80 0.85 0.90	0.04106 0.05686 0.06991 0.08166 0.09266 0.10318 0.11338 0.12337 0.13322 0.14298 0.19160 0.24178 0.29519 0.35313 0.41693 0.48809 0.56848 0.66052 0.76745 0.89386 1.04643 1.23548 1.47799 1.80445 2.27706 3.05134	Lower  0.00359 0.00668 0.00988 0.01327 0.01685 0.02064 0.02465 0.02888 0.03335 0.03806 0.06544 0.09986 0.14211 0.19269 0.25148 0.31748 0.38905 0.46480 0.54460 0.62987 0.72347 0.82974 0.95533 1.1136 1.31909 1.62852	Upper 0.09956 0.12485 0.14428 0.16097 0.17606 0.19010 0.20342 0.21621 0.22862 0.24077 0.29969 0.35957 0.42453 0.49893 0.58872 0.70247 0.85210 1.05356 1.32823 1.70706 2.23881 3.00617 4.16064 6.00894 9.26904 16.06949
0.91 0.92 0.93 0.94 0.95 0.96 0.97 0.98 0.99	3.27486 3.53628 3.84788 4.22846 4.70865 5.34295 6.24100 7.67269 10.62468	1.71256 1.80841 1.91959 2.05138 2.21216 2.41647 2.69260 3.10735 3.89056	18.36418 21.23417 24.91560 29.79366 36.54299 46.46543 62.45386 92.58257 172.36246



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OBS	ENERGY	MVL		OBS	ENERGY	MVL
12345678901234567890122345678901233456789012345678901	0.03 0.04 0.12 0.12 0.14 0.17 0.17 0.21 0.22 0.22 0.22 0.22 0.22 0.22 0.22	0000000000000001010000000111100111101001110001110000		62 63 64 65 66 67 68 67 77 77 77 78 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88	0.76 0.77 0.77 0.78 0.86 0.86 0.92 0.92 1.06 1.08 1.17 1.25 1.37 1.64 1.64 2.09 2.14 2.09 2.14 6.60	111101111100111111111111111111111111111

Class	Levels	Values
MVL	2	1 0

m60ps2h.dat

14:28 Thursday, September 1, 1994

Probit Procedure

Data Set

=WORK.INDATA

Dependent Variable=MVL

Weighted Frequency Counts for the Ordered Response Categories

Level Count 50 0 38

Log Likelihood for NORMAL -40.30846562

#### Goodness-of-Fit Tests

Statistic	Value	DF	Prob>Chi-Sq
Pearson Chi-Square	58.5556	60	0.5287
L.R. Chi-Square	63.9814	60	0.3386

Response Levels: 2 Number of Covariate Values: 62

NOTE: Since the chi-square is small (p > 0.1000), fiducial limits will be calculated using a t value of 1.96.

Variable DF Estimate Std Err ChiSquare Pr>Chi Label/Value

INTERCPT 1 1.15269993 0.26359 19.12384 0.0001 Intercept Log10(ENE) 1 3.12472526 0.647079 23.31898 0.0001

Estimated Covariance Matrix

	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	0.069480	0.135351
Log10 (ENERG)	0.135351	0.418711

#### Estimated Correlation Matrix

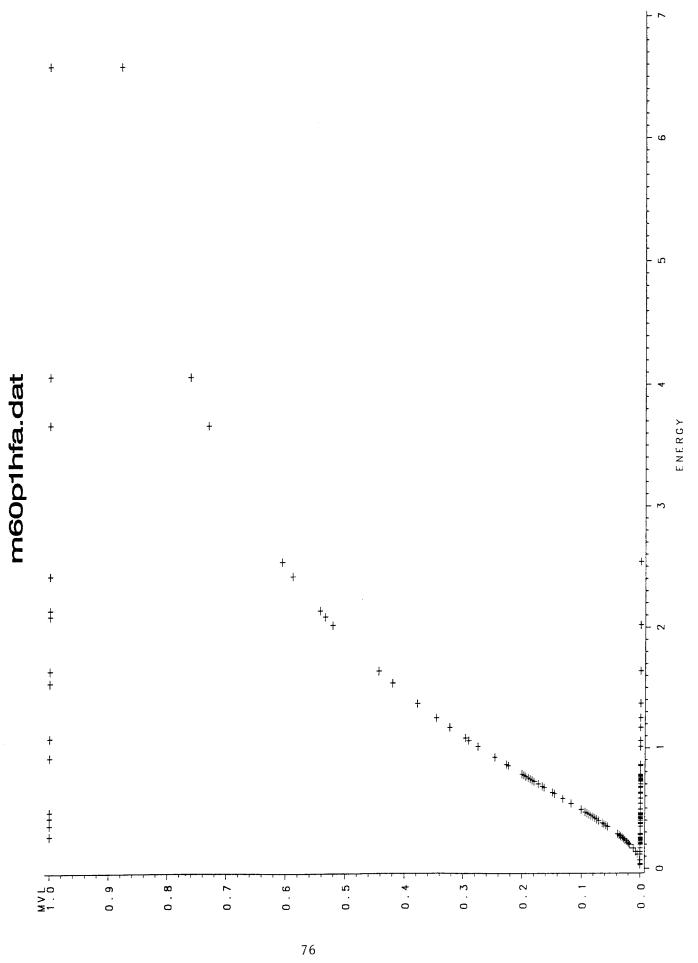
	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	1.000000	0.793554
Log10 (ENERG)	0.793554	1.000000

Probit Model in Terms of Tolerance Distribution

MU SIGMA -0.3689 0.320028

	MU	SIGMA
MU	0.00272 <b>4</b>	-0.000626
SIGMA	-0.000626	0.004392

Probability	ENERGY	95 Percent Fiducia Lower	l Limits Upper
0.01 0.02 0.03 0.04 0.05 0.06 0.07 0.08 0.09 0.10 0.15 0.20 0.25 0.30 0.35 0.40 0.45 0.50 0.55 0.60 0.65 0.70 0.75 0.80 0.85	0.07702 0.09416 0.10695 0.11772 0.12726 0.13600 0.14415 0.15186 0.15923 0.16633 0.19926 0.23002 0.26016 0.29059 0.32195 0.35483 0.38984 0.42766 0.46916 0.51544 0.56809 0.62940 0.70301 0.79514 0.91789	Lower  0.02145 0.02995 0.03699 0.04335 0.04931 0.05500 0.06053 0.06593 0.07125 0.07652 0.10260 0.12915 0.15687 0.18618 0.21734 0.25055 0.28591 0.32345 0.36319 0.40527 0.45016 0.49883 0.55314 0.61639 0.69486	Upper 0.13496 0.15634 0.17173 0.18436 0.19537 0.20530 0.21447 0.22306 0.23121 0.23900 0.27470 0.30773 0.34025 0.37362 0.40907 0.44789 0.49168 0.54250 0.60306 0.67701 0.76933 0.88736 1.04286 1.25684 1.57225
0.90 0.91 0.92	1.09960 1.14864 1.20439	0.80276 0.83060 0.86172	2.09734 2.25023 2.42963
0.50 0.55 0.60 0.65 0.70	0.42766 0.46916 0.51544 0.56809 0.62940	0.32345 0.36319 0.40527 0.45016 0.49883	0.49168 0.54250 0.60306 0.67701 0.76933 0.88736
0.90 0.91	1.09960 1.14864	0.69486 0.80276 0.83060 0.86172 0.89703 0.93790 0.98644 1.04626	1.57225 2.09734 2.25023
0.98 0.99	1.94250 2.37465	1.23610	5.32026 7.42056



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OBS	ENERGY	MVL		OBS	ENERGY	MVL
123456789012345678901223456789012334567890123456789012345678901	0.04 0.04 0.07 0.11 0.11 0.12 0.12 0.12 0.12 0.12 0.12	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		62 63 64 65 667 689 771 778 789 881 888 888 888 888	0.76 0.77 0.77 0.78 0.86 0.86 0.92 1.06 1.08 1.17 1.54 1.64 2.09 2.14 2.09 2.14 6.60	0000000110010101110111

Class Levels Values
MVL 2 1 0

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43 14:28 Thursday, September 1, 1994

#### Probit Procedure

Data Set =WORK.INDATA
Dependent Variable=MVL

Weighted Frequency Counts for the Ordered Response Categories

Level Count 1 15 0 73

Log Likelihood for NORMAL -30.21481609

#### Goodness-of-Fit Tests

Statistic	Value	DF	Prob>Chi-Sq	
Pearson Chi-Square L.R. Chi-Square	85.2157 54.8845	60 60	0.0179 0.6626	

Response Levels: 2 Number of Covariate Values: 62

WARNING: All variances and covariances have been multiplied by the heterogeneity factor H= 1.4203. Please check to be sure that the large chi-square (p < 0.0179) is not caused by systematic departure from the model. A t value of 2.0003 will be used in computing fiducial limits.

Variable DF Estimate Std Err ChiSquare Pr>Chi Label/Value

INTERCPT 1 -0.6061335 0.227784 7.080923 0.0078 Intercept Log10(ENE) 1 2.16463176 0.678151 10.18861 0.0014

#### Estimated Covariance Matrix

	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	0.051886	0.049418
Log10(ENERG)	0.049418	0.459889

#### Estimated Correlation Matrix

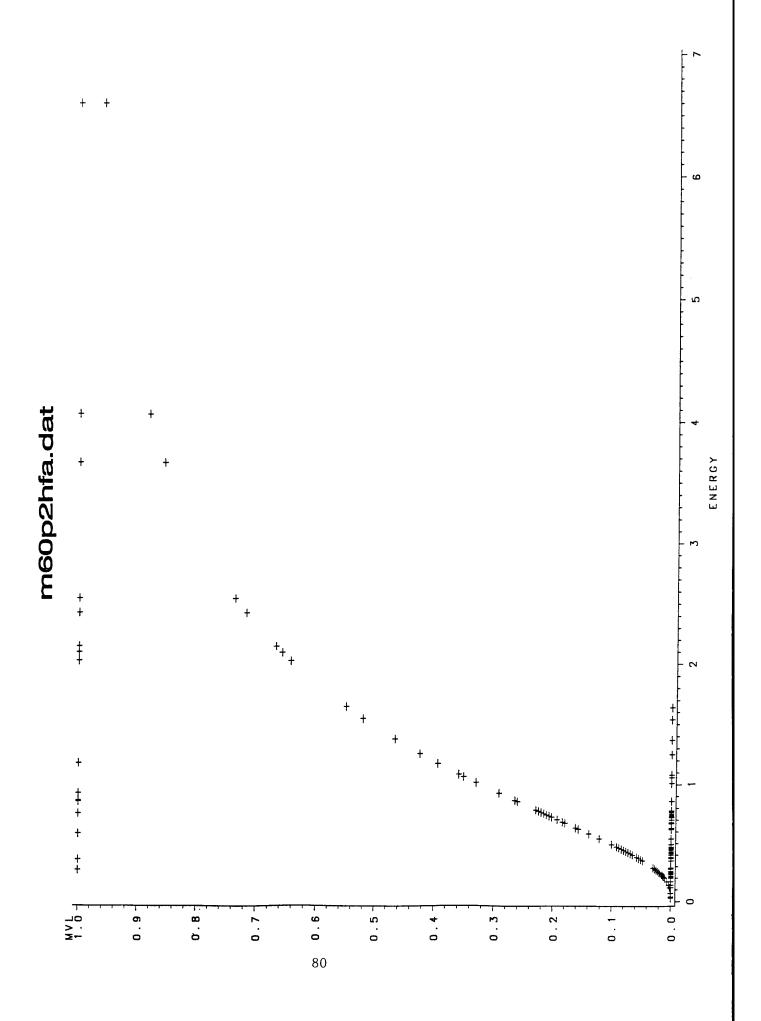
	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	1.000000	0.319916
Log10 (ENERG)	0.319916	1.000000

Probit Model in Terms of Tolerance Distribution

MU SIGMA 0.280017 0.461972

	MU	SIGMA
MU	0.024676	0.017569
SIGMA	0.017569	0.020947

Probability	ENERGY	95 Percent Fidu Lower	cial Limits Upper
0.01 0.02 0.03 0.04 0.05 0.06 0.07 0.08 0.09 0.10 0.15 0.20 0.25 0.30 0.35 0.40 0.45 0.55 0.60 0.75 0.65 0.70 0.75 0.80 0.91 0.92 0.93 0.94	0.16044 0.21441 0.25772 0.29597 0.33124 0.36455 0.39650 0.42748 0.45775 0.48750 0.63272 0.77841 0.92987 1.09083 1.26476 1.45538 1.66711 1.90553 2.17806 2.49492 2.87094 3.32871 3.90492 4.66469 5.73879 7.44832 7.93247 8.49417 9.15781 9.96046	0.01016 0.02163 0.03476 0.04947 0.06571 0.08341 0.10251 0.12295 0.14463 0.16747 0.29474 0.43096 0.56217 0.68408 0.79888 0.91037 1.02210 1.13726 1.25894 1.39058 1.53647 1.70254 1.89780 2.13737 2.45008 2.90276 3.02319 3.15934 3.31573 3.49907	Upper 0.32721 0.39948 0.45566 0.50499 0.55083 0.59493 0.63836 0.68190 0.72616 0.77167 1.03483 1.40044 1.92802 2.68053 3.73633 5.20592 7.25246 10.12292 14.20185 20.11029 28.89869 42.45268 64.43214 102.74315 177.35519 353.29990 417.40988 500.36225 610.79672 763.28956
0.95 0.96 0.97 0.98 0.99	10.96210 12.26833 14.08937 16.93527 22.63212	3.71997 3.99659 4.36387 4.90299 5.88676	984.35660 1327 1918 3129 6771



				•	
OBS	ENERGY	MVL	OBS	ENERGY	MVL
12345678901211111111222222222222333333333444444444	0.04 0.04 0.01 0.11 0.11 0.12 0.12 0.12 0.12 0.12	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	62 63 64 65 66 67 68 67 71 77 77 78 78 81 82 83 84 85 88 88	0.76 0.77 0.77 0.78 0.85 0.86 0.92 0.92 1.01 1.06 1.08 1.17 1.25 1.37 1.64 1.64 2.02 2.14 2.42 2.54 3.67 4.07 6.60	00000110110000100000111111111

Class Levels Values
MVL 2 1 0

#### Probit Procedure

-WORK.INDATA Data Set Dependent Variable=MVL

Weighted Frequency Counts for the Ordered Response Categories

Level	Count
1	17
0	71

Log Likelihood for NORMAL -29.58785691

#### Goodness-of-Fit Tests

Statisti	LC	Value	DF	Prob>Chi-Sq
	Chi-Square Chi-Square	91.7675 53.6305	60 60	0.0052 0.7061

Response Levels: 2 Number of Covariate Values:

WARNING: All variances and covariances have been multiplied by the heterogeneity factor H= 1.5295. Please check to be sure that the large chi-square (p < 0.0052) is not caused by systematic departure from the model. A t value of 2.0003 will be used in computing fiducial limits.

Variable DF Estimate Std Err ChiSquare Pr>Chi Label/Value

1 -0.4513701 0.241771 3.485425 0.0619 Intercept Log10(ENE) 1 2.67787959 0.794166 11.36998 0.0007

#### Estimated Covariance Matrix

	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	0.058453	0.066039
Log10 (ENERG)	0.066039	0.630699

#### Estimated Correlation Matrix

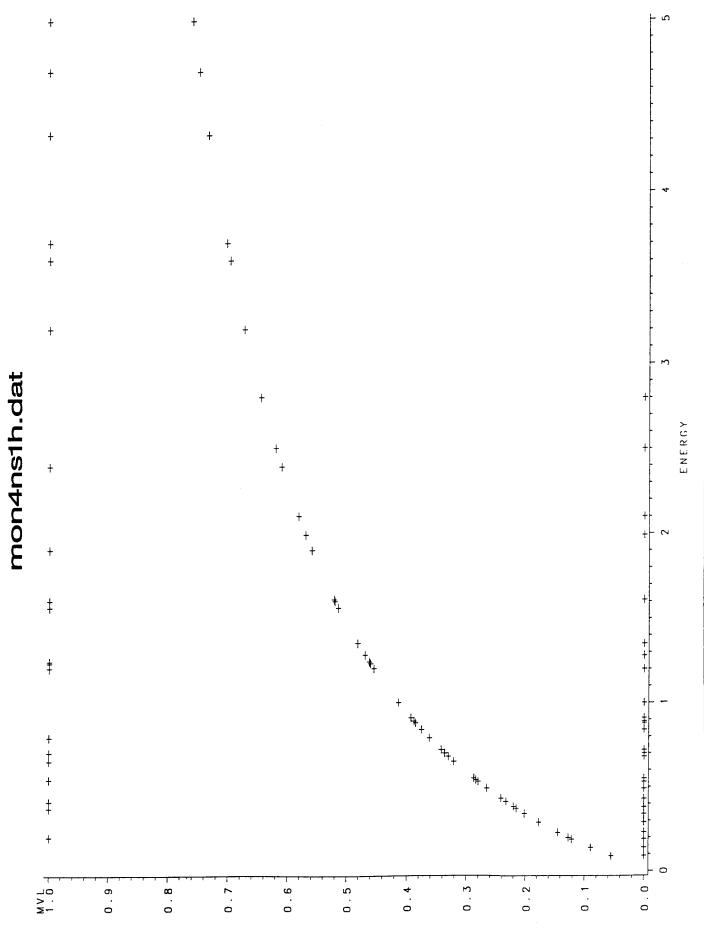
	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	1.000000	0.343942
Log10(ENERG)	0.343942	1.000000

Probit Model in Terms of Tolerance Distribution

MÜ SIGMA 0.168555 0.37343

	MU	SIGMA
MU	0.013755	0.008975
SIGMA	0.008975	0.012265

Probability	ENERGY	95 Percent Fidu	
		Lower	Upper
0.01	0.19945	0.02467	0.36377
0.02	0.25213	0.04315	0.42867
0.03	0.29256	0.06131	0.47742
0.04	0.32719	0.07965	0.51906
0.05	0.35836	0.09832	0.55681
0.06	0.38722	0.11739	0.59226
0.07	0.41443	0.13689	0.62634
0.08	0.44041	0.15680	0.65967
0.09	0.46545	0.17711	0.69269
0.10	0.48976	0.19780	0.72576
0.15	0.60467	0.30532	0.90100
0.20	0.71494	0.41498	1.11163
0.25	0.82543	0.52088	1.37990
0.30	0.93914	0.62019	1.72594
0.35	1.05844	0.71329	2.17052
0.40	1.18563	0.80221	2.73922
0.45	1.32321	0.88936	3.46722
0.50	1.47420	0.97707	4.40497
0.55	1.64241	1.06762	5.62685
0.60	1.83300	1.16340	7.24595
0.65	2.05327	1.26728	9.44145
0.70	2.31410	1.38304	12.51277
0.75	2.63287	1.51625	16.99729
0.80	3.03978	1.67607	23.95851
0.85	3.59410	1.87966	35.82400
0.90	4.43736	2.16606	59.57394
0.91	4.66910	2.24083	67.38191
0.92	4.93458	2.32472	77.03722
0.93	5.24396	2.42027	89.26967
0.94	5.61247	2.53127	105.25656
0.95	6.06446	2.66363	127.03432
0.96	6.64222	2.82743	158.47674
0.97	7.42847	3.04183	208.04544
0.98	8.61958	3.35087	298.84671
0.99	10.89639	3.89997	529.28244



OBS	ENERGY	MVI
12345678901121115167890122122222223333333333344456789012344567890	0.14 0.19 0.20 0.23 0.229 0.34 0.43 0.55 0.68 0.70 0.729 0.88 0.770 0.88 0.91 1.220 1.23 1.24 1.35 1.61 1.99 1.22 2.820 3.670 1.22 2.820 1.22 2.820 1.22 2.820 1.22 2.820 2.82	000100001010001010010001000110011001001

Class	Levels	Values
MVL	2	1 0

mon4ns1h.dat

69 14:28 Thursday, September 1, 1994

#### Probit Procedure

Data Set = WORK.INDATA

Dependent Variable=MVL

Weighted Frequency Counts for the Ordered Response Categories

Log Likelihood for NORMAL -29.89350195

#### Goodness-of-Fit Tests

Statist	ic	Value	DF	Prob>Chi-Sq
Pearson	Chi-Square	45.3005	43	0.3762
L.R.	Chi-Square	53.1953	43	0.1371

Response Levels: 2 Number of Covariate Values: 45

NOTE: Since the chi-square is small (p > 0.1000), fiducial limits will be calculated using a t value of 1.96.

Variable DF Estimate Std Err ChiSquare Pr>Chi Label/Value

INTERCPT 1 -0.2174918 0.188589 1.330002 0.2488 Intercept Log10(ENE) 1 1.32008413 0.511045 6.67244 0.0098

#### Estimated Covariance Matrix

	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	0.035566	0.004526
Log10(ENERG)	0.004526	0.261167

#### Estimated Correlation Matrix

	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	1.000000	0.046964
Log10(ENERG)	0.046964	1.000000

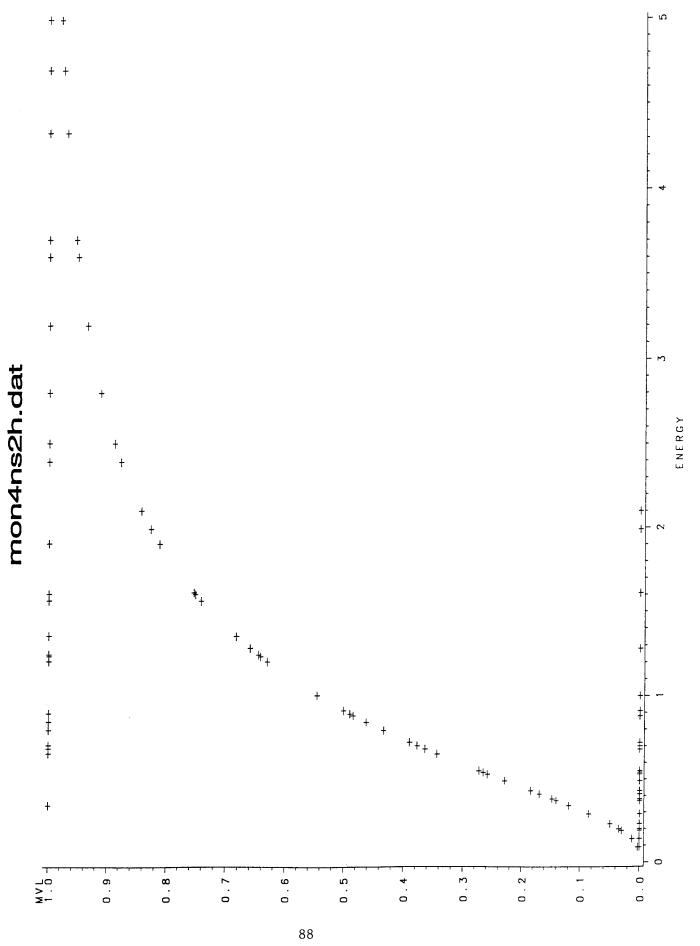
Probit Model in Terms of Tolerance Distribution

MU SIGMA 0.164756 0.757527

	MU	SIGMA
MU	0.025333	0.020672
SIGMA	0.020672	0.086003

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Probability	ENERGY	95 Percent Fiduc Lower	
0.01 0.02 0.03 0.04 0.05 0.06 0.07 0.08 0.09 0.10 0.15 0.20 0.25 0.30 0.35 0.40 0.45 0.50 0.55	0.02526 0.04064 0.05495 0.06895 0.08293 0.09704 0.11138 0.12600 0.14096 0.15630 0.23968 0.33667 0.45062 0.58547 0.74622 0.93937 1.17372 1.46136 1.81948 2.27339	Lower  2.50915E-7 1.78146E-6 6.16676E-6 0.0000157 0.0000334 0.0000637 0.0001119 0.0001852 0.0002927 0.0004457 0.00251 0.00973 0.03015 0.07923 0.17851 0.33863 0.53804 0.74632 0.95553 1.17313	Upper 0.13081 0.17333 0.20760 0.23808 0.26644 0.29348 0.31972 0.34546 0.37096 0.39640 0.52740 0.67602 0.86251 1.12754 1.57052 2.45060 4.40713 8.92876 19.59826 45.61296
0.80 0.85 0.90 0.91 0.92	6.34318 8.91010 13.66364 15.15008 16.94870	2.43835 3.02067 3.92591 4.17892 4.47096	2768 11086 64015 97853 155209
0.93 0.94 0.95 0.96 0.97 0.98 0.99	19.17380 22.00593 25.75004 30.97054 38.86054 52.54450 84.53342	4.81416 5.22688 5.73869 6.40144 7.31773 8.73478 11.52854	257834 454642 868522 1858878 4739960 16463927 117349056



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	 ~~

OBS	ENERGY	MVI
12345678901121111111111111111111111111111111111	0.14 0.19 0.23 0.23 0.34 0.38 0.44 0.55 0.66 0.77 0.88 0.90 0.55 0.68 0.77 0.88 0.90 0.22 1.22 1.22 1.35 1.66 1.99 0.33 1.22 2.35 1.60 1.99 1.20 2.35 1.60 1.99 1.90 1.90 1.90 1.90 1.90 1.90 1.9	000000010000000001011001100011111110111010

Class	Levels	Values
MVL	2	1 0

mon4ns2h.dat

14:28 Thursday, September 1, 1994

Probit Procedure

Data Set =WORK.INDATA
Dependent Variable=MVL

Weighted Frequency Counts for the Ordered Response Categories

Level Count 1 25 0 25

Log Likelihood for NORMAL -23.37262829

#### Goodness-of-Fit Tests

Statistic	Value	DF	Prob>Chi-Sq
Pearson Chi-Square L.R. Chi-Square	39.3919 41.2001	43 43	0.6286 0.5496

Response Levels: 2 Number of Covariate Values: 45

NOTE: Since the chi-square is small (p > 0.1000), fiducial limits will be calculated using a t value of 1.96.

Variable DF Estimate Std Err ChiSquare Pr>Chi Label/Value

INTERCPT 1 0.11498251 0.212111 0.293858 0.5878 Intercept Log10(ENE) 1 2.76813575 0.729107 14.41425 0.0001

#### Estimated Covariance Matrix

	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	0.044991	0.018279
Log10(ENERG)	0.018279	0.531597

#### Estimated Correlation Matrix

	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	1.000000	0.118194
Log10(ENERG)	0.118194	1.000000

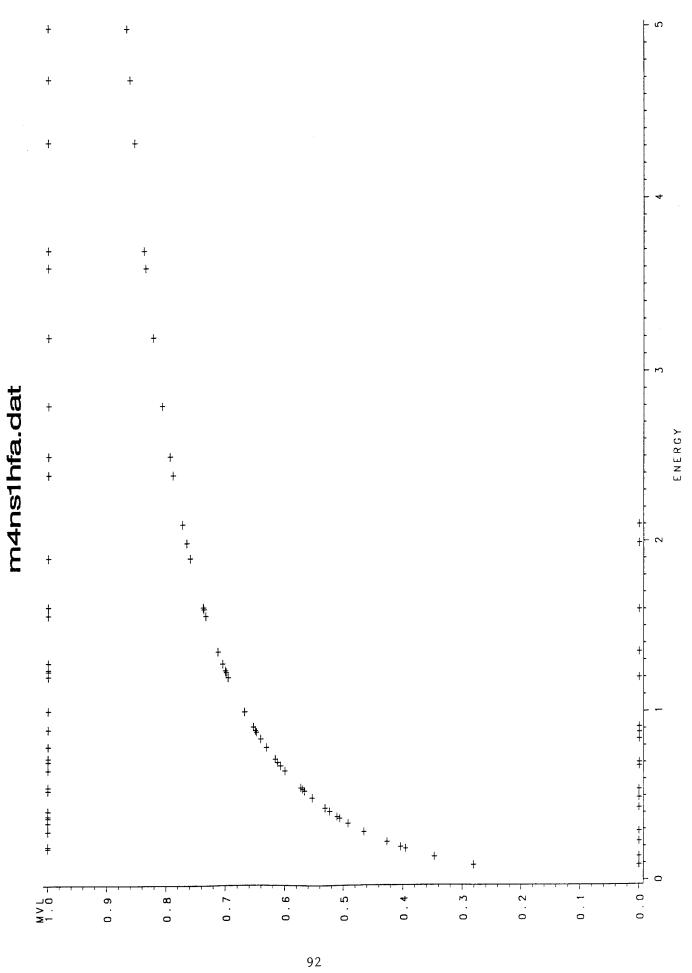
Probit Model in Terms of Tolerance Distribution

MU SIGMA -0.04154 0.361254

	MU	SIGMA
MU	0.005793	-0.000179
SIGMA	-0.000179	0.009054

mon4ns2h.dat 78
14:28 Thursday, September 1, 1994

Drobobiliter	EVEDAV	^=	Damant Bidne	inl Timika
Probability	ENERGY	95	Percent Fiduc Lower	Upper
			rower	obber
0.01	0.13124		0.01544	0.27010
0.02	0.16464		0.02450	0.31593
0.03	0.19012		0.03280	0.34931
0.04	0.21185		0.04083	0.37696
0.05	0.23134		0.04876	0.40126
0.06	0.24934		0.05669	0.42335
0.07	0.26627		0.06468	0.44387
0.08	0.28241		0.07276	0.46324
0.09	0.29793		0.08095	0.48174
0.10	0.31297		0.08928	0.49956
0.15	0.38375		0.13345	0.58274
0.20	0.45126		0.18262	0.66247
0.25	0.51856		0.23752	0.74410
0.30 0.35	0.58752		0.29866	0.83177
0.33	0.65957 0.73610		0.36624 0.44016	0.92983 1.04366
0.45	0.73610		0.44018	1.18029
0.50	0.90879		0.60486	1.34918
0.55	1.00892		0.69431	1.56298
0.60	1.12198		0.78824	1.83916
0.65	1.25216		0.88768	2.20304
0.70	1.40574		0.99505	2.69422
0.75	1.59266		1.11471	3.38033
0.80	1.83021		1.25422	4.38913
0.85	2.15218		1.42775	5.99786
0.90	2.63893		1.66733	8.95520
0.91	2.77214		1.72935	9.87489
0.92	2.92449		1.79874	10.98498
0.93	3.10168		1.87760	12.35453
0.94 0.95	3.31230		1.96900	14.09238
0.96	3.57003 3.89856		2.07777 2.21212	16.38188 19.56142
0.97	4.34416		2.21212	24.34381
0.98	5.01634		2.64048	32.58767
0.99	6.29310		3.08927	51.68928
			3.0032.	



m4ns1hfa.dat

OBS	ENERGY	MVL
1234567890121111111222222222333333333344444444567890	0.09 0.14 0.23 0.29 0.34 0.29 0.34 0.43 0.43 0.55 0.668 0.70 0.72 0.88 0.91 1.20 1.22 1.23 1.24 1.35 1.60 1.99 2.35 3.60 3.70 4.70 4.70 5.70	001100111110010110010110010110111101011001111

Class	Levels	Values
MVL	2	1 0

Number of observations used = 50

m4ns1hfa.dat

99 14:28 Thursday, September 1, 1994

#### Probit Procedure

Data Set = WORK.INDATA

Dependent Variable=MVL

Weighted Frequency Counts for the Ordered Response Categories

Level	Count
1	32
0	18

Log Likelihood for NORMAL -30.57125336

#### Goodness-of-Fit Tests

Statistic	Value	DF	Prob>Chi-Sq
Pearson Chi-Square L.R. Chi-Square	41.5216 51.7782	43 43	0.5355 0.1686

Response Levels: 2 Number of Covariate Values: 45

NOTE: Since the chi-square is small (p > 0.1000), fiducial limits will be calculated using a t value of 1.96.

Variable DF Estimate Std Err ChiSquare Pr>Chi Label/Value

INTERCPT 1 0.43522957 0.192325 5.121123 0.0236 Intercept

Log10(ENE) 1 0.97061995 0.490926 3.909003 0.0480

#### Estimated Covariance Matrix

	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	0.036989	0.022750
Log10(ENERG)	0.022750	0.241009

#### Estimated Correlation Matrix

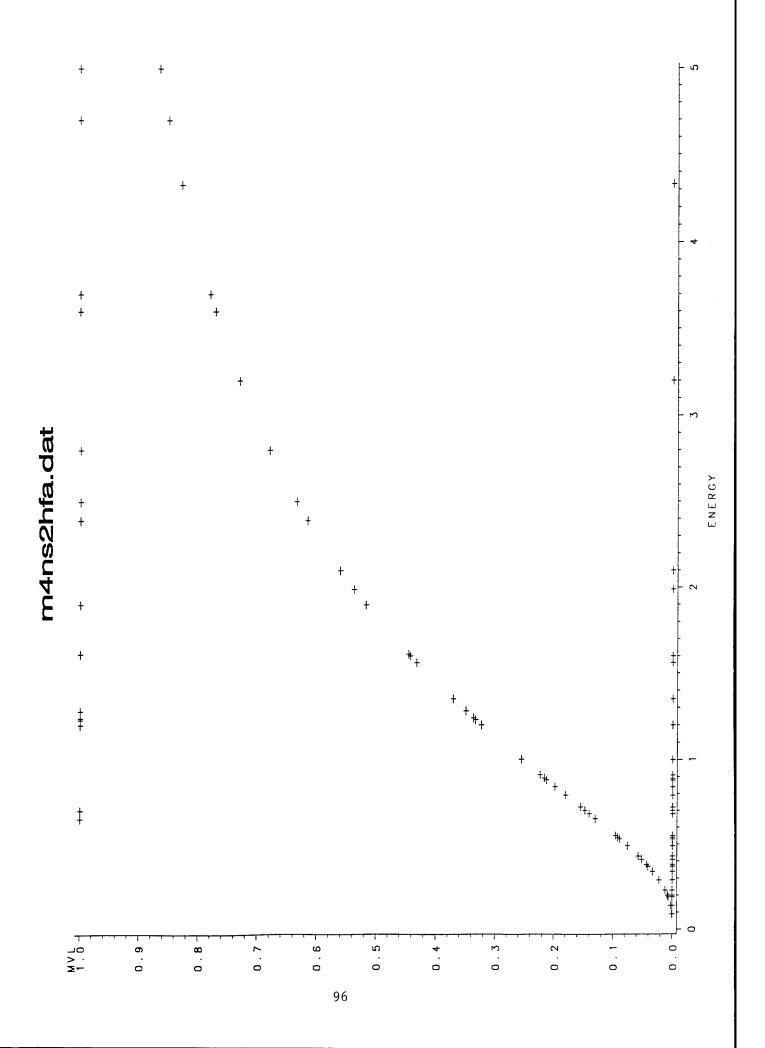
	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	1.000000	0.240953
Log10 (ENERG)	0.240953	1.000000

## Probit Model in Terms of Tolerance Distribution

MU SIGMA 1.030269

	MU	SIGMA
MU	0.069042	-0.093304
SIGMA	-0.093304	0.271541

Probability	ENERGY	95 Percent Fidu Lower	cial Limits Upper
0.01	0.00143	0	0.03550
0.02	0.00273	4.311E-286	0.04946
0.03	0.00411	1.625E-265	0.06110
0.04	0.00560	4.891E-250	0.07166
0.05	0.00719	1.904E-237	0.08162
0.06	0.00891	9.908E-227	0.09121
0.07	0.01074	2.466E-217	0.10058
0.08	0.01271	6.378E-209	0.10981
0.09	0.01480	2.856E-201	0.11897
0.10	0.01703	3.15E-194	0.12811
0.15	0.03046	4.522E-165	0.17458
0.20	0.04836	6.702E-142	0.22442
0.25	0.07189	5.037E-122	0.27999
0.30	0.10264	3.534E-104	0.34402
0.35	0.14276	1.2052E-87	0.42052
0.40	0.19525	5.7877E-72	0.51650
0.45	0.26432	8.3811E-57	0.64660
0.50	0.35612	6.6241E-42	0.84967
0.55	0.47980	4.5572E-27	1.28268
0.60	0.64955	2.7825E-12	3.80839
0.65	0.88834	0.04079	1532132
0.70	1.23558	0.41794	6.23365E21
0.75	1.76402	0.73741	3.04579E39
0.80	2.62236	1.05666	1.99327E59
0.85	4.16296	1.45811	2.75183E82
0.90	7.44628	2.07381	3.7852E111
0.91	8.56910	2.24799	4.1479E118
0.92	9.98156	2.45070	1.8455E126
0.93	11.80480	2.69132	4.7464E134
0.94	14.23744	2.98421	1.1745E144
0.95	17.62944	3.35278	6.0783E154
0.96	22.66076	3.83863	2.3546E167
0.97	30.85463	4.52555	7.0497E182
0.98	46.50620	5.61987	2.6433E203
0.99	88.78943	7.87682	7.0942E235



m4ns2hfa.dat	m4	ns	2h	fa	.dat
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OBS	ENERGY	MVI
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	0.09 0.14 0.19 0.20 0.23 0.29 0.34 0.37 0.38 0.41 0.43 0.49 0.53 0.55 0.65	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31	0.72 0.79 0.84 0.88 0.91 1.00 1.20 1.23 1.24 1.35 1.60 1.61 1.99 2.19 2.39 2.50 3.60 3.70	0000001001110001110110
49 50	4.33 4.70 5.00	1

Class	Levels	Values
MVL	2	1.0

m4ns2hfa.dat

14:28 Thursday, September 1, 1994

#### Probit Procedure

Data Set =WORK.INDATA
Dependent Variable=MVL

Weighted Frequency Counts for the Ordered Response Categories

Level Count
 1 15
 0 35

Log Likelihood for NORMAL -21.74577103

#### Goodness-of-Fit Tests

Statistic	Value	DF	Prob>Chi-Sq
Pearson Chi-Square L.R. Chi-Square	34.1984 36.8999	43 43	0.8288 0.7320

Response Levels: 2 Number of Covariate Values: 45

NOTE: Since the chi-square is small (p > 0.1000), fiducial limits will be calculated using a t value of 1.96.

Variable DF Estimate Std Err ChiSquare Pr>Chi Label/Value

INTERCPT 1 -0.655907 0.232181 7.980549 0.0047 Intercept Log10(ENE) 1 2.51433949 0.721711 12.13729 0.0005

#### Estimated Covariance Matrix

	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	0.053908	-0.058109
Log10(ENERG)	-0.058109	0.520866

# Estimated Correlation Matrix

	INTERCPT	Log10(ENERG)
INTERCPT	1.000000	-0.346777
Log10 (ENERG)	-0.346777	1.000000

Probit Model in Terms of Tolerance Distribution

MU SIGMA 0.260867 0.397719

	MU	SIGMA
MU	0.009338	0.004892
SIGMA	0.004892	0.013033

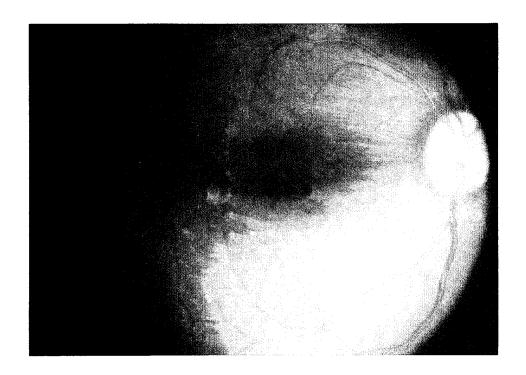
Probability	ENERGY	95 Percent Fidu	cial Limits
		Lower	Upper
0.01	0.21659	0.02020	0.44381
0.02	0.27800	0.03535	0.52662
0.03	0.32572	0.05031	0.58813
0.04	0.36693	0.06553	0.63993
0.05	0.40428	0.08116	0.68615
0.06	0.43904	0.09727	0.72877
0.07	0.47197	0.11392	0.76895
0.08	0.50355	0.13113	0.80743
0.09	0.53410	0.14892	0.84471
0.10	0.56386	0.16730	0.88117
0.15	0.70576	0.26828	1.05981
0.20	0.84360	0.38408	1.24773
0.25	0.98313	0.51290	1.46222
0.30	1.12798	0.65134	1.72153
0.35	1.28120	0.79511	2.04718
0.40	1.44579	0.94058	2.46477
0.45	1.62513	1.08610	3.00540
0.50	1.82334	1.23226	3.70949
0.55	2.04571	1.38139	4.63387
0.60	2.29947	1.53704	5.86372
0.65	2.59487	1.70391	7.53356
0.70	2.94734	1.88833	9.86802
0.75	3.38161	2.09951	13.26971
0.80	3.94090	2.35246	18.53378
0.85	4.71059	2.67515	27.47001
0.90	5.89608	3.13136	45.26276
0.91	6.22458	3.25100	51.09247
0.92	6.60222	3.38552	58.29088
0.93	7.04395	3.53911	67.39604
0.94	7.57232	3.71803	79.27476
0.95	8.22348	3.93209	95.42409
0.96	9.06040	4.19804	118.68686
0.97	10.20689	4.54787	155.25984
0.98	11.95862	5.05543	222.02041
0.99	15.34966	5.96624	390.56947

# APPENDIX B

This appendix contains fundus photographs showing visible lesion development and fluorescein angiography for a least one eye at each pulsewidth. The order of pulsewidths is from lowest to highest with the color visible lesion photograph first at 1 and 24 hours and then the FA photographs at 1 and 24 hours also.

# Order of Photographs

Monkey #639-	OD			
Figure A.	90 fs-580 nm	1-hour color fundus photograph		
Figure B.		24-hour " "		
Figure C.		1-hour fluorescein angiography		
Figure D.		24-hour " "		
Monkey #775-	OS			
Figure A.	90 fs-580 nm	1-hour color fundus of suprathreshold lesions		
Figure B.	70 13-300 IIII	24-hour " " "		
Figure C.		1-hour fluorescein angiography		
riguie C.		1-nour nuorescem angiography		
Monkey #639-OS				
Figure A.	600 fs-580 nm	1-hour color fundus photograph		
Figure B.		24-hour " "		
Figure C.		1-hour fluorescein angiography		
Figure D.		24-hour " "		
Monkey #589-OS				
Figure A.	3 ps-580 nm	1-hour color fundus photograph		
Figure B.	5 ps-500 mm	24-hour " "		
Figure C.		1-hour fluorescein angiography		
Figure D.		24-hour " "		
riguic D.		27-11041		
Monkey #773-OD				
Figure A.	60 ps-532 nm	* § *		
Figure B.		24-hour " "		
Figure C.		1-hour fluorescein angiography		
Figure D.		24-hour " "		
Monkey #871-	OS			
Figure A.	60 ps-532 nm	24-hour MVL with Hemorrhage		
Figure B.	<b>.</b>	24-hour fluorescein angiography		
<b>1</b> 1 10	op.			
Monkey #866-OD				
Figure A.	4 ns-532 nm	1-hour color fundus photograph		
Figure B.		24-110ur		
Figure C.		1-hour fluorescein angiography		
Figure D.		24-hour " "		



639-OD Figure A. (90 fs-580 nm) One-hour fundus photograph showing L-shaped marker grid surrounding MVL exposure sites. The 16 threshold data lesions range in energy of delivery from 0.52 to 4.8  $\mu$ J. Three hemorrhagic lesions occurred at 1.7 to 4.8  $\mu$ J, and became apparent ophthalmoscopically within 10 minutes.

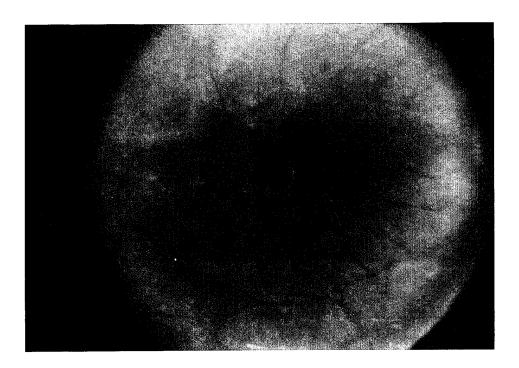
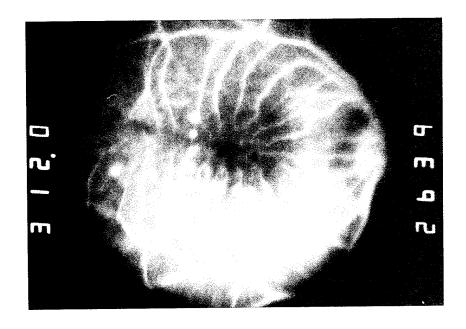


Figure B. 24-hour fundus photograph shows increase in the area of blood leakage from 3 hemorrhages, and more apparent whiteness from MVLs.



639-OD Figure C. (90 fs-580 nm) One-hour FA showing lesions that demonstrate hyperfluorescence except where blocked by blood.

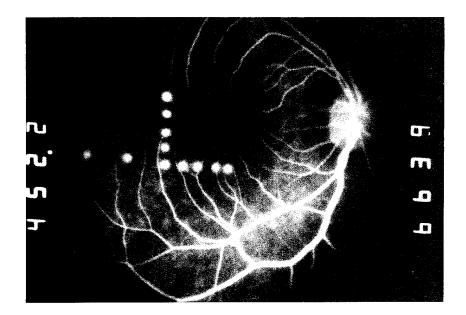
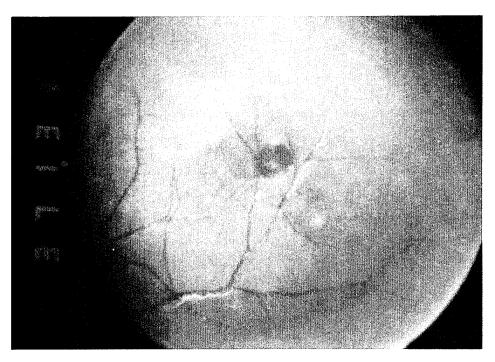


Figure D. 24-hour FA demonstrates fewer lesions that hyperfluoresce compared to those at 1 hour.



775-OS Figure A. (90 fs-580 nm) One-hour fundus photograph of 6 suprathreshold lesions delivered from 22 to 82  $\mu$ J of energy. The hemorrhagic lesion in the macula occurred over a retinal venule with energy delivery of 81  $\mu$ J.

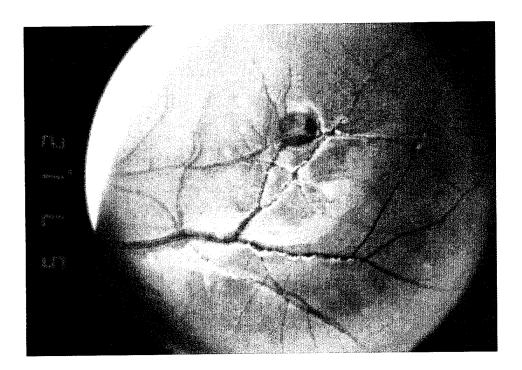
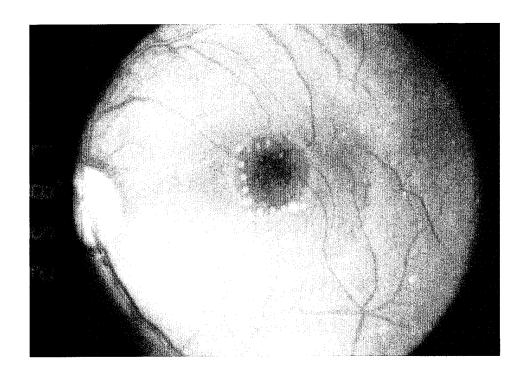


Figure B. 24-hour fundus photograph showing an enlargement of the 81  $\mu J$  hemorrhage as well as the non-hemorrhagic suprathreshold lesions



775-OS Figure C. (90 fs-580 nm) One-hour flourescein angiogram (FA) showing hyperfluorescence from the non-hemorrhagic suprathreshold lesions, and leakage within the area of blocked fluorescence from the site of the hemorrhage.



639-OS Figure A. (600 fs-580 nm) One-hour fundus photograph of 25 threshold lesions ranging from 0.10 to 10.2  $\mu$ J. Three hemorrhagic lesions occurred between 3.6 to 10.2  $\mu$ J and became apparent ophthalmoscopically within 10 minutes.

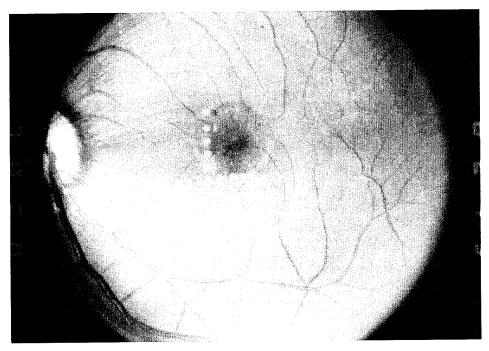
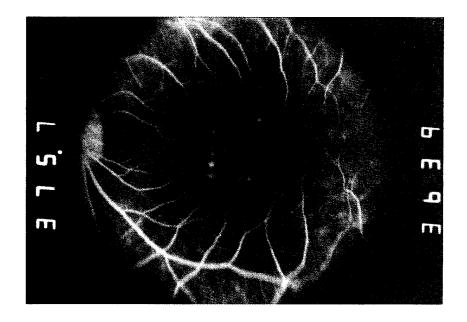


Figure B. 24-hour fundus photograph showing an increase in size of the 3 hemorrhages between 1 and 24 hours.



639-OS Figure C. (600 fs-580 nm) One-hour FA showing a few sites of visible fluorescein leakage or blockage.

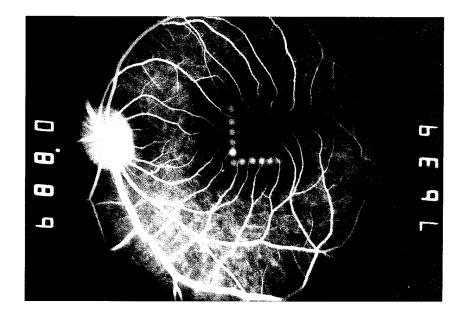
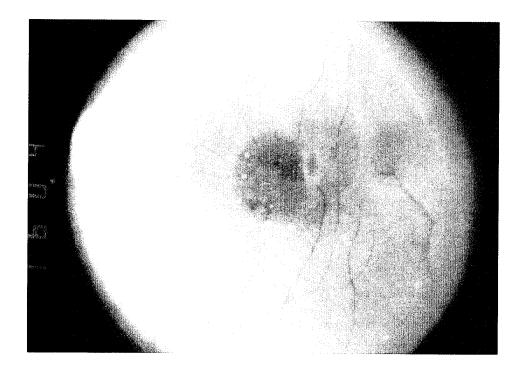


Figure D. 24-hour FA showing that more lesions are visible than in the 1 hour FA. This demonstrates that lesion development between 1 and 24 hours increased significantly. However, fewer lesions are visible in the 24-hour FA compared to the 24-hour fundus photograph, implying that fluorescein angiography is less sensitive than ophthalmoscopic evaluation.



589-OS Figure A. (3 ps-580 nm) One-hour fundus photograph of 9 threshold lesions ranging in energy of delivery from 0.45 to 9.5  $\mu$ J. One hemorrhagic lesion occurred at 9.5  $\mu$ J and became apparent within 10 minutes.

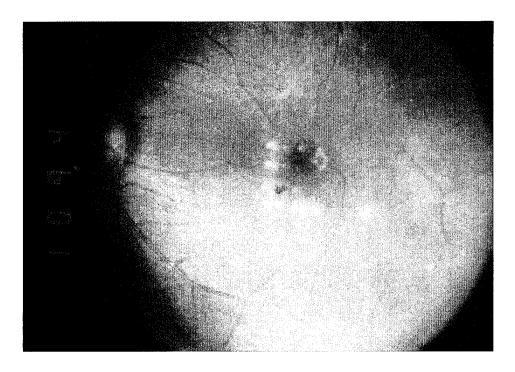
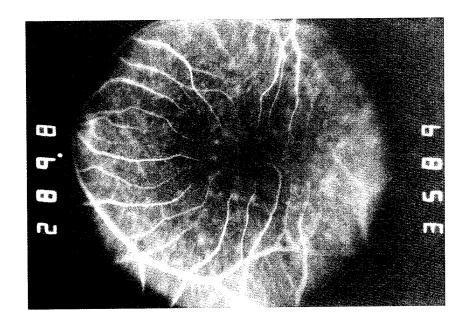


Figure B. All lesions became ophthalmoscopically visible within 24 hours.



## 589-OS

Figure C. (3 ps-580 nm) One-hour FA showing the site of blocked fluorescence corresponding to the 9.5 μJ hemorrhage. Fewer lesions are apparent (as compared to Figure A.) showing a decrease in sensitivity FA compared to ophthalmoscopic evaluation. No hyperfluorescence marking the 1.7 to 5.3 μJ lesions is apparent by fluorescein angiography, although it was ophthalmoscopically visible at 1 hour.

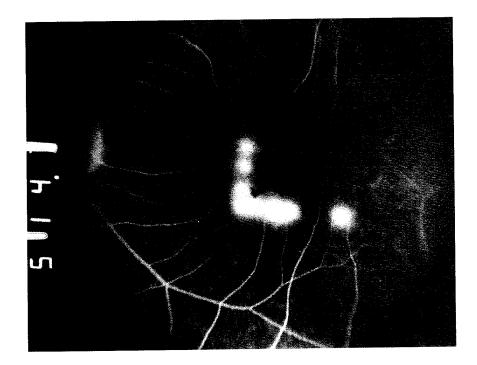
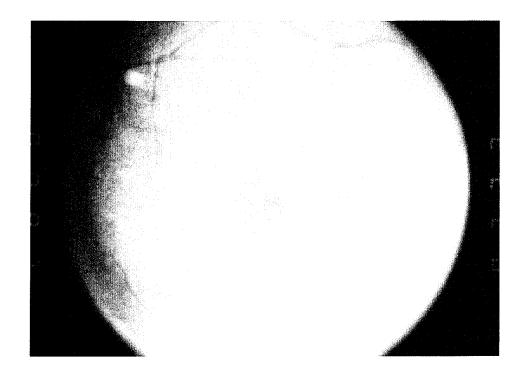


Figure D. At 24 hours, FA determination shows all lesions in the middle row and the 1.4  $\mu$ J lesion (previously visible ophthalmoscopically) do not hyperfluoresce while all others emit a faint hyperfluorescence.



773-OD Figure A. (60 ps-532 nm) One-hour fundus photograph of 9 lesions ranging in energy of delivery from 0.26 to 3.7  $\mu$ J. All lesions in the bottom row and the 2 lesions at 0.85 and 0.86  $\mu$ J became apparent within 1 hour.

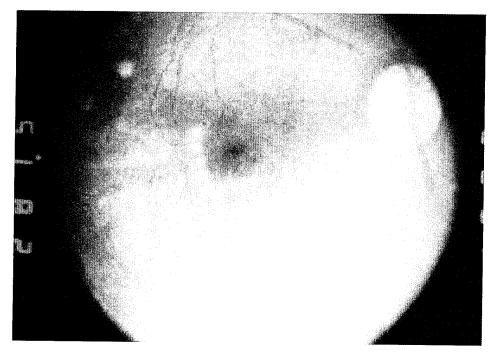
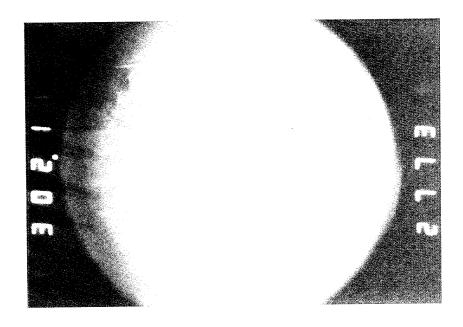


Figure B. At 24 hours, all lesions in the second row became ophthalmoscopically visible.



773-OD Figure C. (60 ps-532 nm) One-hour FA shows very faint hyperfluorescence from a few of the 9 lesions.

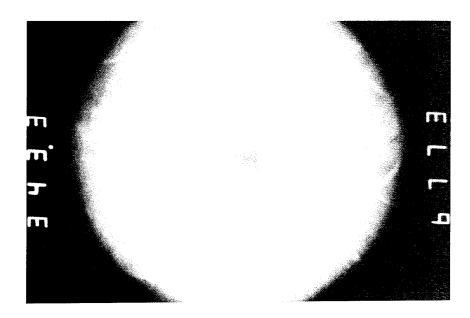
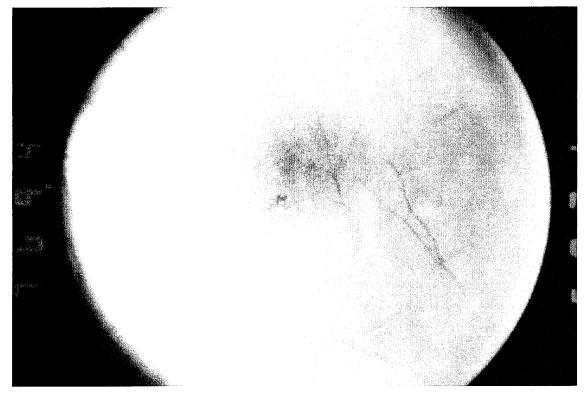


Figure D. The 24-hour FA demonstrates faint hyperfluorescence.



871-OS Figure A. (60 ps-532 nm) 24-hour fundus photograph of 9 threshold lesions ranging in energy of delivery from 0.75 to 6.6  $\mu$ J. One hemorrhage occurred at 6.6  $\mu$ J and became apparent ophthalmoscopically within 10 minutes.

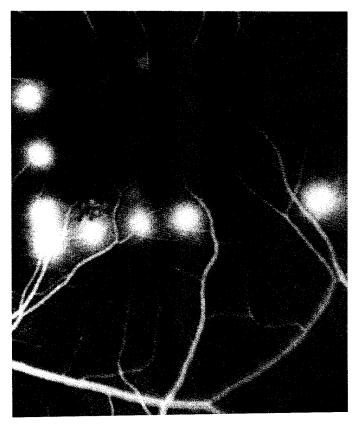
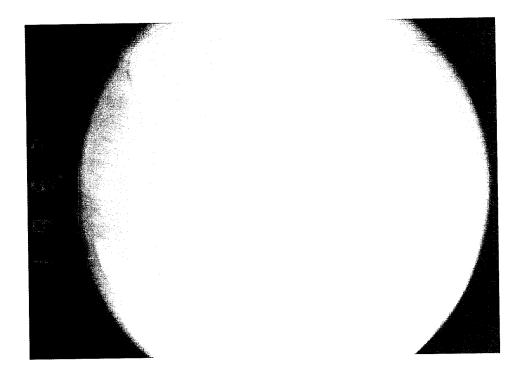


Figure B. The FA at 24 hours shows hyperfluorescence from MVLs.



866-OD Figure A. (4 ns-532 nm) One-hour fundus photograph of 25 threshold lesions ranging in energy from 0.14 to 5  $\mu$ J incident at the cornea (demonstrated on the corresponding fundus map). A number of very faint MVLs became ophthalmoscopically visible within 1 hour.

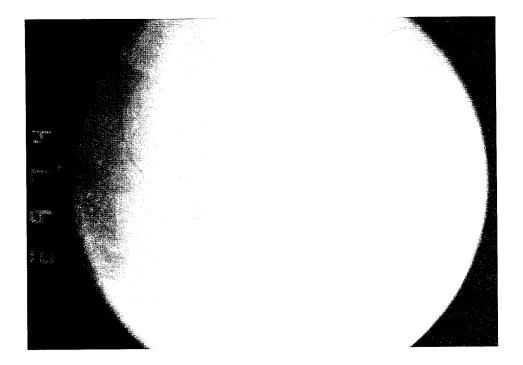
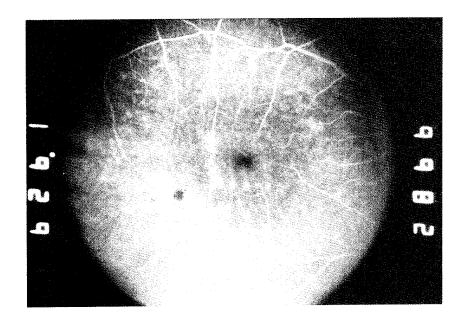


Figure B. The 24-hour fundus photograph shows an increase in the number of MVLs, and an increase in MVL lesion whiteness and diameter compared with the one-hour determination.



866-OD Figure C. (4 ns-532 nm) One-hour FA, corresponding to Figure A, showing all lesions previously observed ophthalmoscopically.

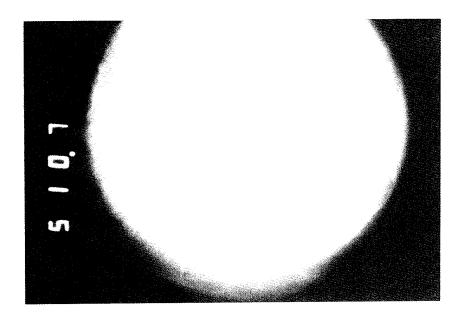


Figure D. 24-hour FA corresponding to Figure B. The MVLs emit faint hyperfluorescence and the angiograph demonstrates that fewer lesions were visible compared with 1 hour.